



**KJM 5250 and KJM 9250
SHSQC and SHMBC Experiments with and without
Presaturation (CW (PR)) or Excitation Sculpting Solvent
Suppression (ES) on AVneo800**

**Version 5.1
Topspin 4.3**



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AVneo800 SHSQC and SHMBC Experiments

1.0 Introduction

aw coded **Neo-800 SHSQC** and **SHMBC** parameter sets are set up with 2K acquired ^1H points in F2 and 128 ^{13}C increments in F1.

^1H and ^{13}C spectral windows and their mid points should be determined before setting up **SHSQC** or **SHMBC** experiments. The **O1** frequency at which **PR** or **ES** is applied at should be determined accurately in **Hz**, rather than approximately in **ppm**.

Topspin's **getprosol** and **pulsecal** commands should be used to read in **prosol Table** stored **pulse times** and **powers** and adjust them based on your samples solvent and matrix /buffer effects. Optionally, for concentrated samples, but not low level samples, **pulsecal 13c** can be used to adjust ^{13}C pulse times and powers.

Neo-800 aw coded **shsqc135** pp's have been derived from Topspin's **hsqcedetgpsisp2.3** pp with the addition of auto-calculation of **d21** and **d24** from **cnst2** (= the 1J ^{13}C - ^1H coupling constant: default value = 145 Hz) and the removal of an optional **p28** trim pulse.

A set of **shsqc135.5q3** experiments with all of their f2 channel **Crp** type pulses replaced by **555 usec** prosol Table linked **Q3.surbop.1** pulses is included in this user guide. The ^{13}C spectral window of these experiments is slightly less than that of **shsqc135,m** experiments.

shmbcq5 experiments are derived from Topspin's **hmbcgplndqf** experiment with two of its 90 degree ^{13}C f2 channel pulses replaced by prosol table linked **Q5.1000** pulses.

Constant time (CT) **aw** coded **shmbcct** parameter sets are set up with **min/max 1J** coupling constants of **120 Hz** and **170 Hz** respectively and an **8 Hz nJ** selection filter .

1.1 Processing

SHSQC45 and **SHQC135** experiments are phase sensitive experiments which should be phased before optionally using the **abs1** and **abs2** commands. Low level 2J correlations and some correlations outside the set up ^{13}C SW (F1) range may be observed in **SHSQC** spectra.

SHMBCQ5 spectra are magnitude mode (QF) spectra (phasing not required) and are transformed with **xfb**.

Constant time **SHMBCCT** spectra acquired in echo-antiecho mode are transformed with **xfb and xf2m**.

The ^{13}C axis resolution of **SHSQC** and **SHMBC** spectra acquired using 128 increments and linearly processed with 512 or 1024 ^{13}C axis points is typically 3-4 times greater than that of standard full window **HSQC** and **HMBC** spectra acquired with 160-256 or more increments.

2.0 SHSQC Experiments and Parameter Sets

The following ^1H detected **SHSQC** experiments and parameter sets have been set up on the **Neo-800** spectrometer.

2.1	shsqc45	narrow window experiment
2.2	shsqc135	narrow window experiment
2.3	shsqc135pr	with PR presaturation
2.4	shsqc135es	with ES peak suppression
2.5	shsqc135.m	medium window experiment
2.6	shsqc135pr.m	with PR presaturation
2.7	shsqc135es.m	with ES peak suppression
2.8	shsqc135espr.m	with ES + PR peak suppression
2.9	shsqc135.w	wider window experiment
2.10	shsqc135pr.w	with PR presaturation
2.11	shsqc135es.w	with ES peak suppression
2.12	shsqc135.5q3	medium window experiment
2.13	shsqc135pr.5q3	with PR presaturation
2.14	shsqc135es.5q3	with ES peak suppression

3.0 SHMBC Experiments and Parameter Sets

The following ^1H detected **SHMBC** experiments and parameter sets have been set up on the **Neo-800** spectrometer.

3.1	shmbeq5	narrow window experiment
3.2	shmbeq5pr	with PR presaturation
3.3	shmbeq5.m	medium window experiment
3.4	shmbeq5pr.m	with PR presaturation
3.5	shmbcct	narrow window experiment
3.6	shmbcctpr	with PR presaturation
3.7	shmbcctes	with ES peak suppression
3.8	shmbcct.m	medium window experiment
3.9	shmbcctpr.m	with PR presaturation
3.10	shmbcctes.m	with ES peak suppression
3.11	shmbcctespr.m	with ES + PR peak suppression
3.12	shmbcct.w	wider window experiment
3.13	shmbcctpr.w	with PR presaturation
3.14	shmbcctes.w	with ES peak suppression

4.0 Appendix How to offset ES from O1 in ESPR experiments

2.1 SHSQC45 Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshsqc45 (+ getprosol + pulsecal)**

Pulse program: **awshsqcetgpsisp2.2-45**

d24 is automatically calculated from **cnst2**

SW(¹³C) = 15 ppm, excitation band width is **8-10 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW(¹H)** and **SW(¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1P = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **1.5 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = **145 Hz** or other value of your choice (eg: 125-160 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

p43:sp32 Q3_surbop.1 pulse.

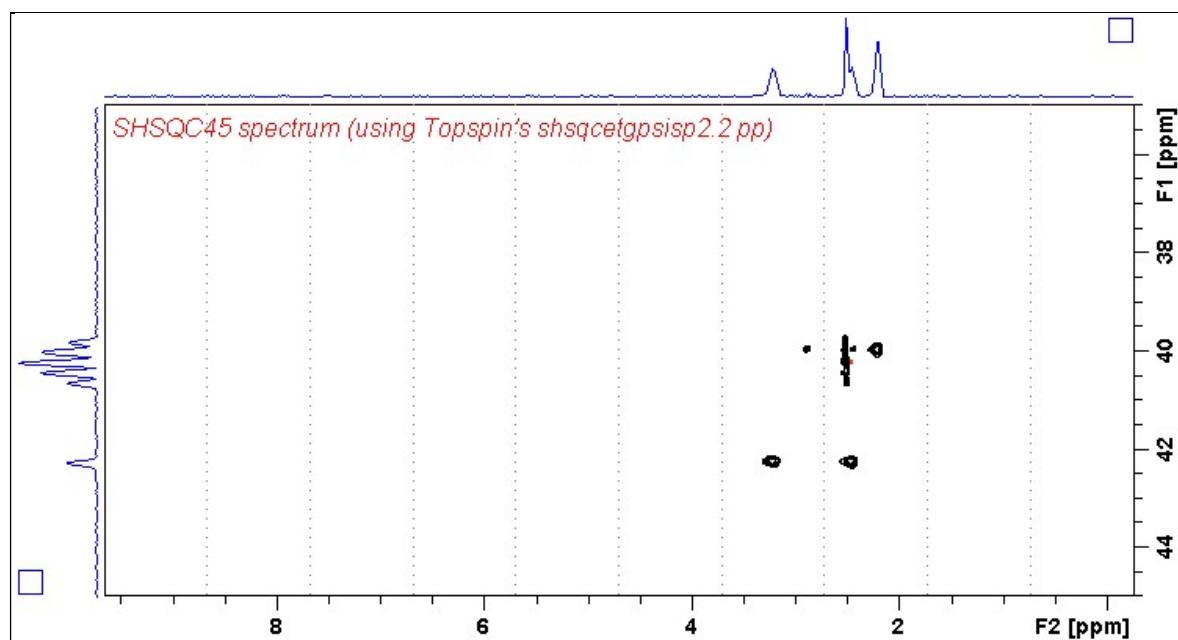
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb, manual phasing and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHSQC45 spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 40 ppm.

2.2 SHSQC135 Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshsqc135** (+ getprosol + pulsecal)

Pulse program: **awshsqc135**

d21 and **d24** are automatically calculated from **cnst2**

SW(¹³C) = 15 ppm; excitation band width is **8-10 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW(¹H)** and **SW(¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1P = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **1.5 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = **145 Hz** or other value of your choice (eg: 125-160 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

p43:sp32 Q3_surbop.1 pulse.

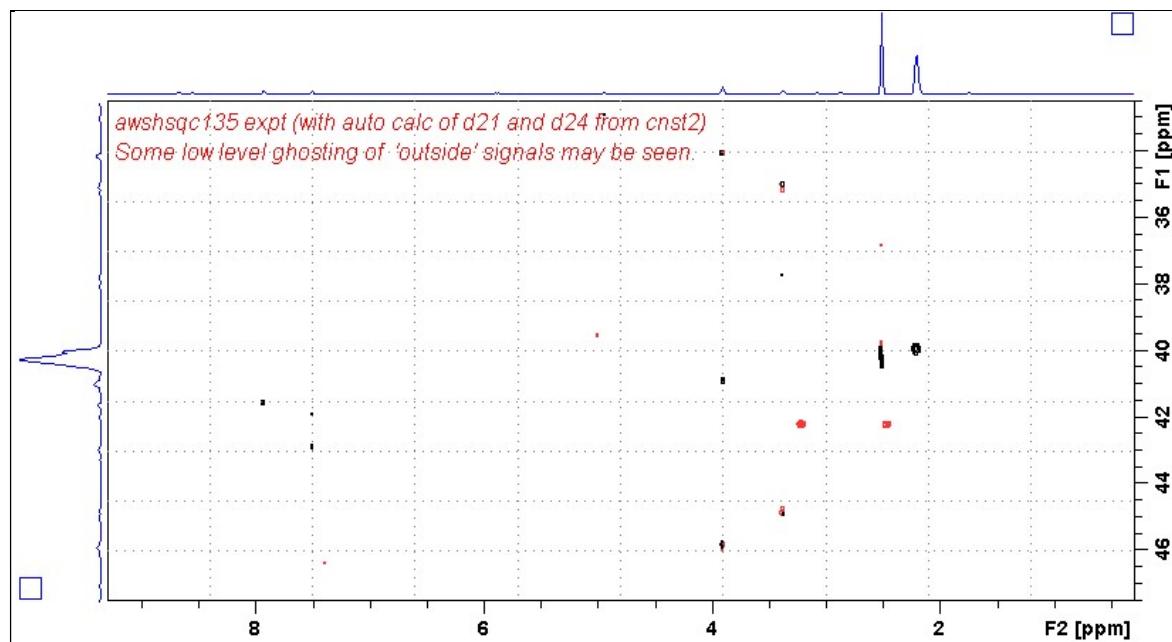
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb, manual phasing and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHSQC135 spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 40 ppm. Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

2.3 SHSQC135pr Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshsqc135pr (+ getprosol + pulsecal)**

Pulse program: **awshsqc135pr**

d21 and **d24** are automatically calculated from **cns2**

SW(¹³C) = 15 ppm, excitation band width is **8-10 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW (¹H)** and **SW (¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for **PR**).

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **2 sec** or other time of your choice.

PLW9(db) = PR power applied during **D1**. If required the **PR** power can be increased by subtracting 6 or 12 db from its prosol Table value.

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = 145 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 125-160 Hz).

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

p43:sp32 Q3_surbop.1 pulse

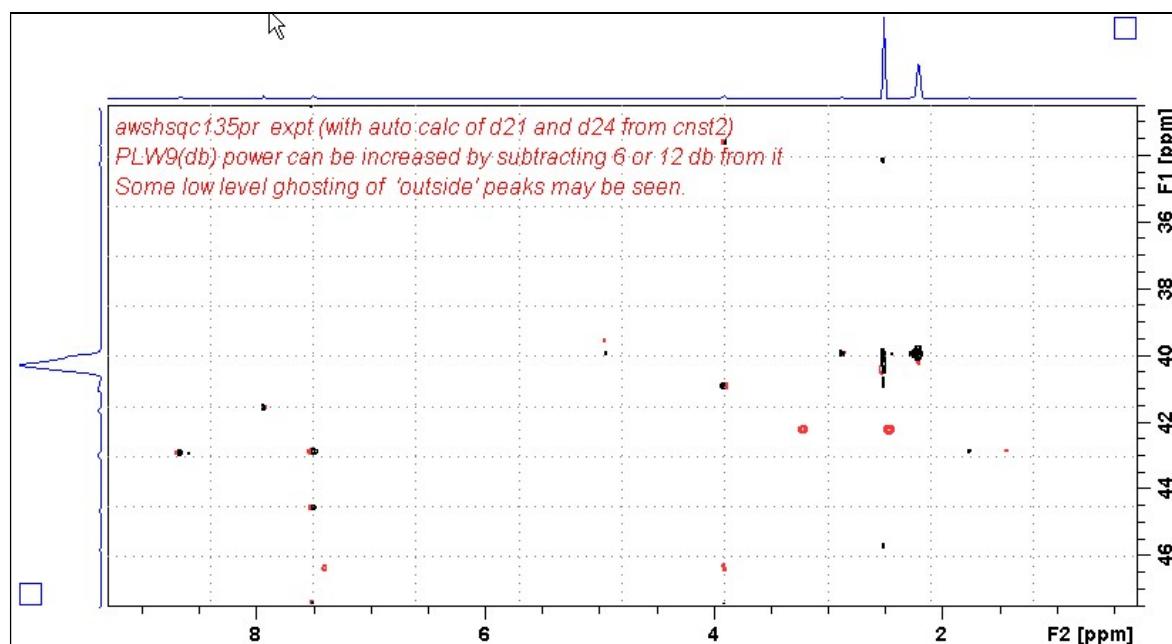
Set receiver gain using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb, manual phasing and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHSQC135pr spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 40 ppm.

Presaturation was applied at the HOD line frequency (3.35 ppm). Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

2.4 SHSQC135es Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshsqc135es** (+ getprosol + pulsecal)

Pulse program: **awshsqc135es**

d21 and **d24** are automatically calculated from **cnst2**

SW(¹³C) = 15 ppm, excitation band width is **8-10 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW (¹H)** and **SW (¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for ES).

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128-256 (your choice).

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **1.5 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = **145 Hz** or other value of your choice (eg: 125-160 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

2000 usec p40:sp10 Sinc1.1000 ES pulse and a **p43:sp32 Q3_surbop.1** pulse.

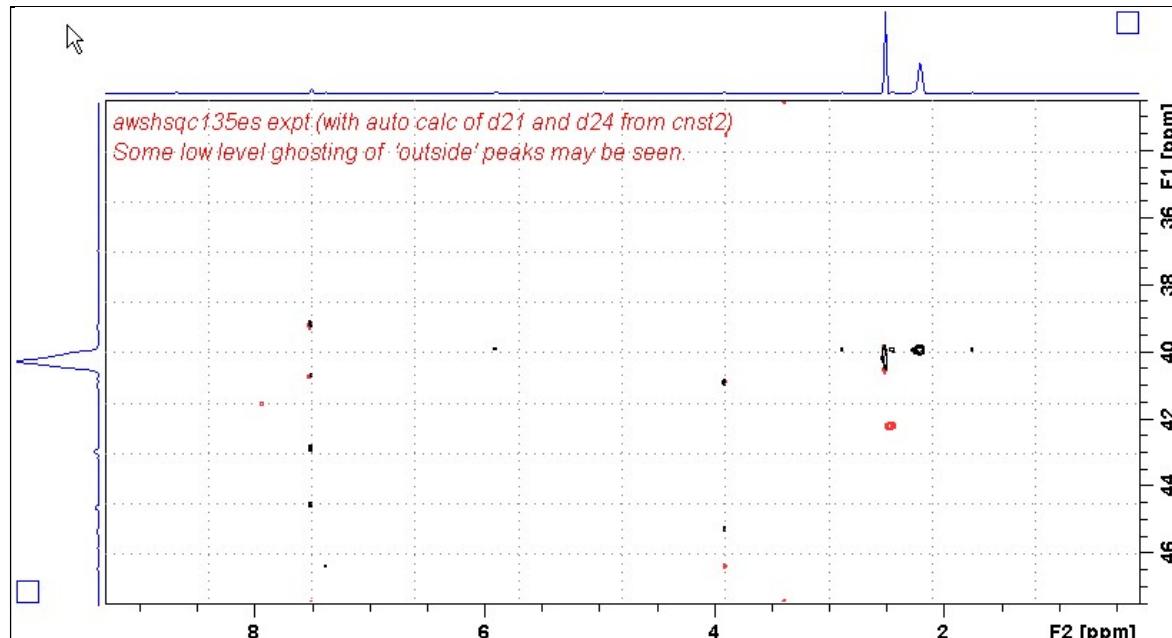
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb, manual phasing and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHSQC135es spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 40 ppm. ES was applied at 3.35 ppm (= the HOD line). ¹H signals /correlations located 0.2-0.3 ppm either side of the ES suppressed line have reduced intensity. Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

2.5 SHSQC135.m Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshsqc135.m** (+ getprosol + pulsecal)

Pulse program: **awshsqc135.m**

d21 and **d24** are automatically calculated from **cnst2**

SW(¹³C) = 40 ppm; excitation band width is ~ 30-34 ppm

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW(¹H)** and **SW(¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1P = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **1.5 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = **145 Hz** or other value of your choice (eg: 125-160 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

p24:sp16 Q3_surbop.1 pulse.

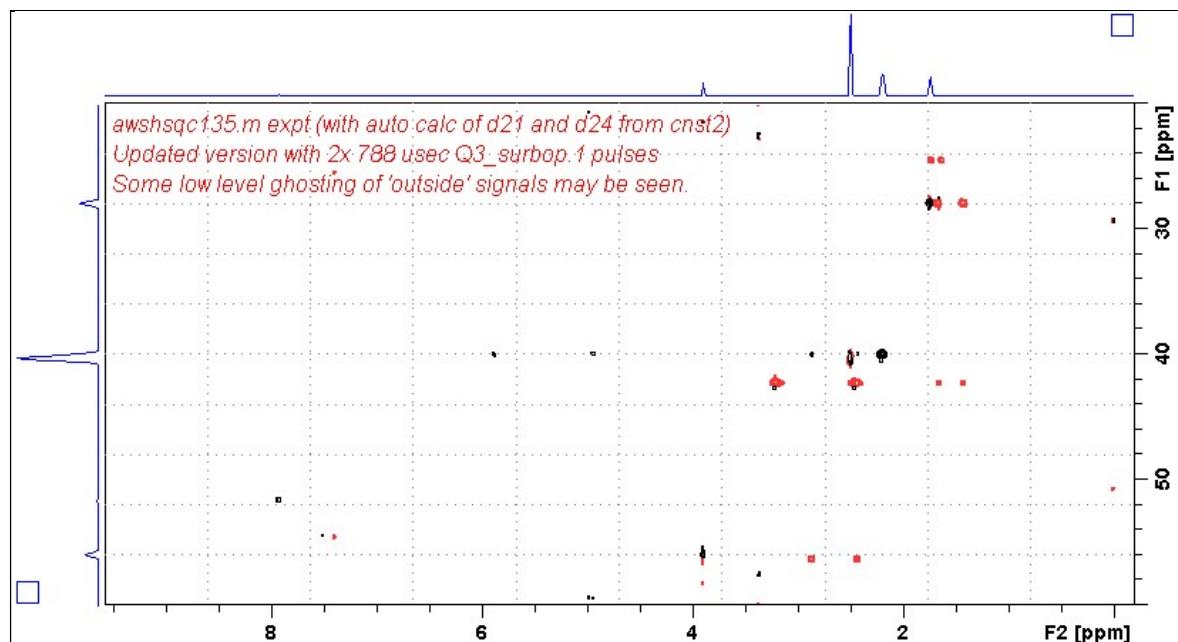
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb, manual phasing and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHSQC135.m spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 40 ppm.

Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

2.6 SHSQC135pr.m Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshsqc135pr.m** (+ getprosol + pulsecal)

Pulse program: **awshsqc135pr.m**

d21 and **d24** are automatically calculated from **cnst2**

SW(¹³C) = 40 ppm; excitation band width is **30-34 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW (¹H)** and **SW (¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for **PR**).

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128-256 (your choice).

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **2 sec** or other time of your choice.

PLW9(db) = **PR** power applied during **D1**. If required the **PR** power can be increased by subtracting 6 or 12 db from its prosol Table value.

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = 145 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 125-160 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

p24:sp16 Q3_surbop.1 pulse.

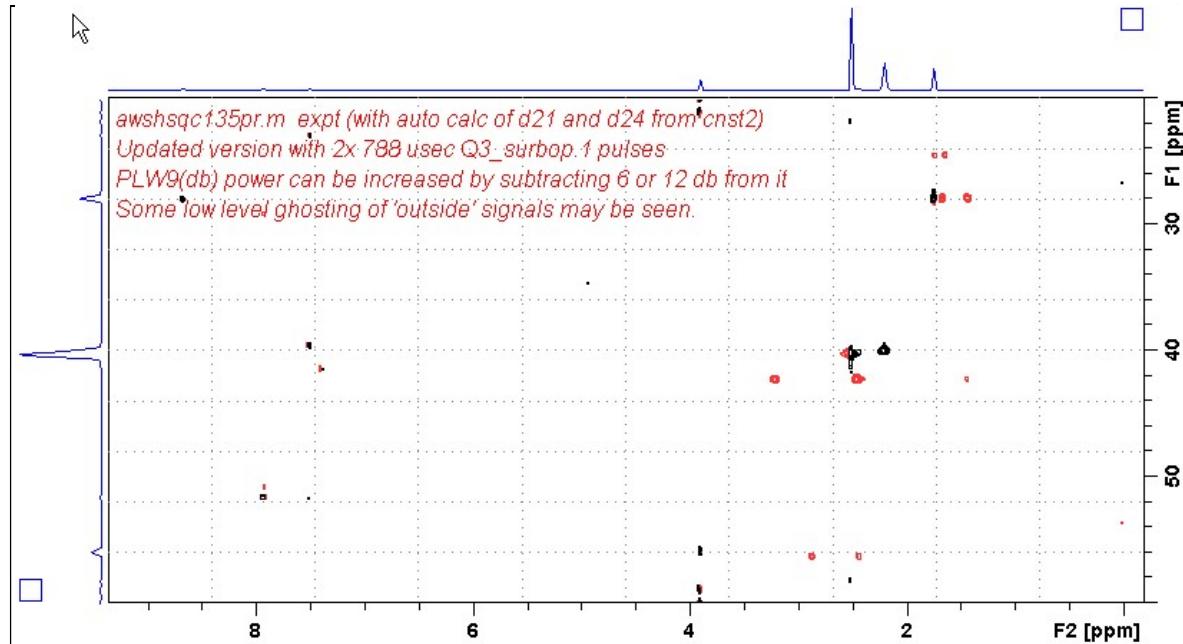
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb, manual phasing and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHSQC135pr.m spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 40 ppm.

Presaturation was applied at the HOD line frequency (3.35 ppm). Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

2.7 SHSQC135es.m Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshsqc135es.m** (+ getprosol + pulsecal)

Pulse program: **awshsqc135es.m**

d21 and **d24** are automatically calculated from **cnst2**

SW(¹³C) = 40 ppm; excitation band width is **30-34 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW (¹H)** and **SW (¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for **ES**).

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128-256 (your choice).

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **1.5 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = **145 Hz** or other value of your choice (eg: 125-160 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

2000 usec p12:sp1 Sinc1.1000 ES pulse and a **p24:sp16 Q3_surbop.1 pulse**.

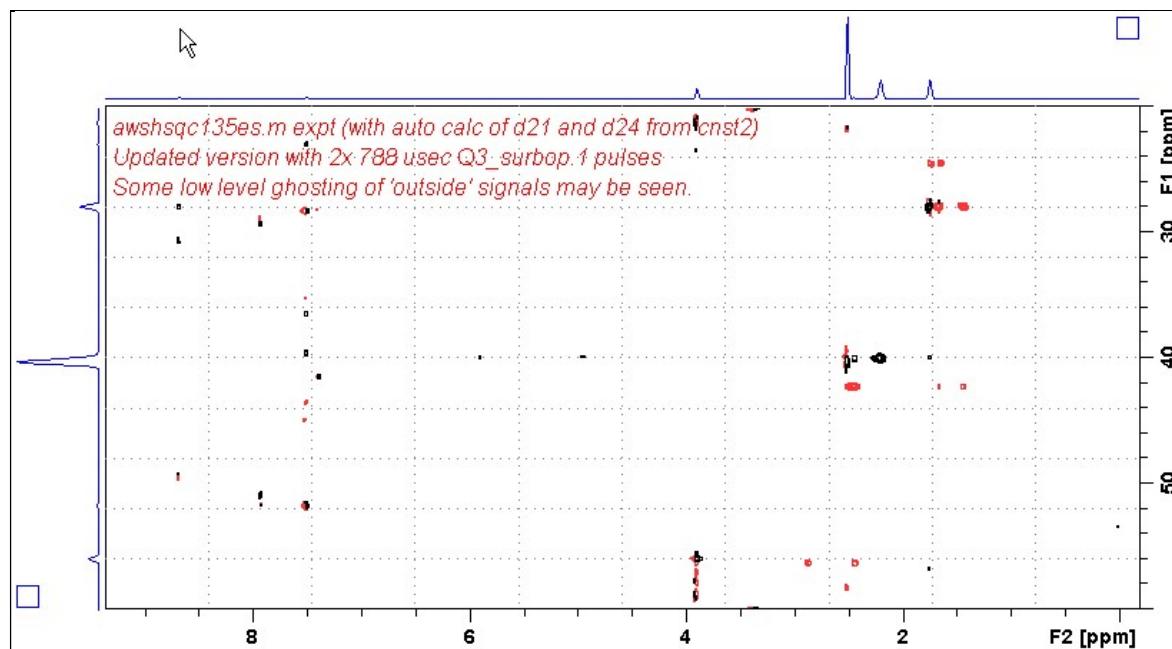
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb, manual phasing and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHSQC135es.m spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 40 ppm. **ES** was applied at 3.35 ppm (= the HOD line). ¹H signals /correlations located 0.2-0.3 ppm either side of the **ES** suppressed line have reduced intensity. Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

2.8 SHSQC135espr.m Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshsqc135espr.m** (+ getprosol + pulsecal)

Pulse program: **awshsqc135espr.m**

d21 and **d24** are automatically calculated from **cnst2**

SW(¹³C) = 40 ppm; excitation band width is **30-34 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW (¹H)** and **SW (¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for **ES** and **PR**).

ES can optionally be offset from **PR** as described in the Appendix.

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128-256 (your choice).

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **2 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = 145 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 125-160 Hz).

PLW9(db) = PR power applied during D1. If required the **PR** power can be

increased by subtracting 6 or 12 db from its prosol Table value.

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

2000 usec p12:sp1 Sinc1.1000 ES pulse and a **p24:sp16 Q3_surbop.1** pulse.

ES can optionally be offset from **PR** at **O1** as described in the Appendix.

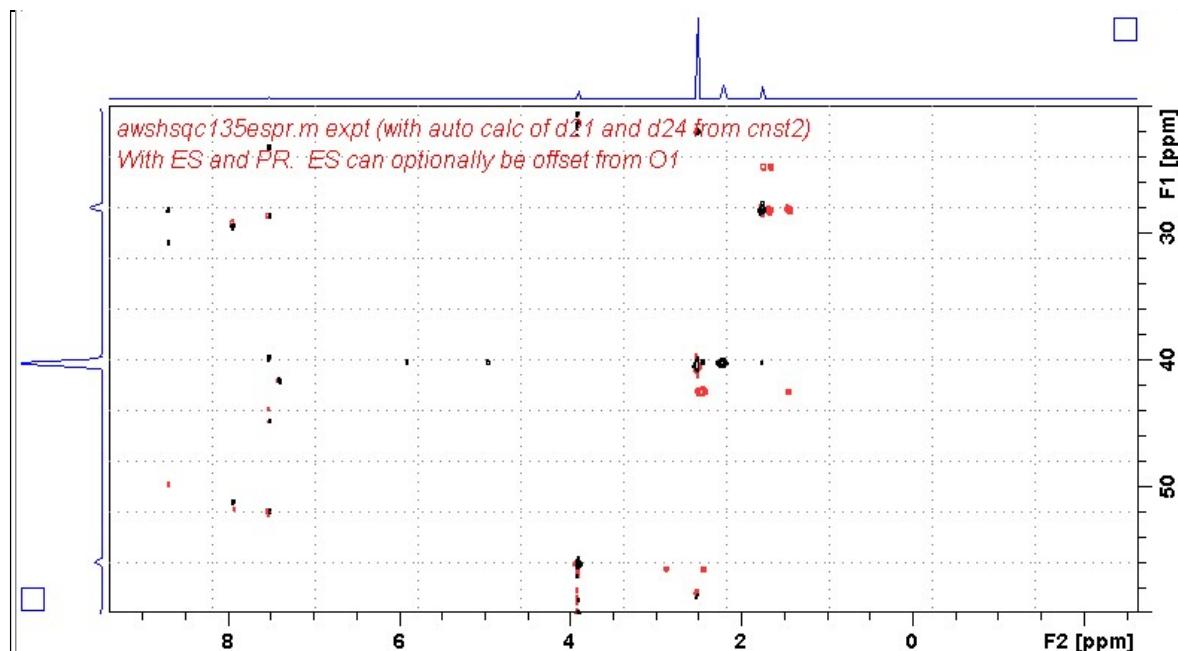
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb, manual phasing and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHSQC135espr.m spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 40 ppm. **ES + PR** was applied at 3.35 ppm (= the HOD line). ¹H signals /correlations located 0.2-0.3 ppm either side of the **ES** suppressed line have reduced intensity. Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

2.9 SHSQC135.w Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshsqc135.w** (+ getprosol + pulsecal)

Pulse program: **awshsqc135.w**

d21 and **d24** are automatically calculated from **cnst2**

SW(¹³C) = 60 ppm; excitation band width is **45-50 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW(¹H)** and **SW(¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1P = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **1.5 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = **145 Hz** or other value of your choice (eg: 125-160 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

p33:sp23 Q3_surbop.1 pulse.

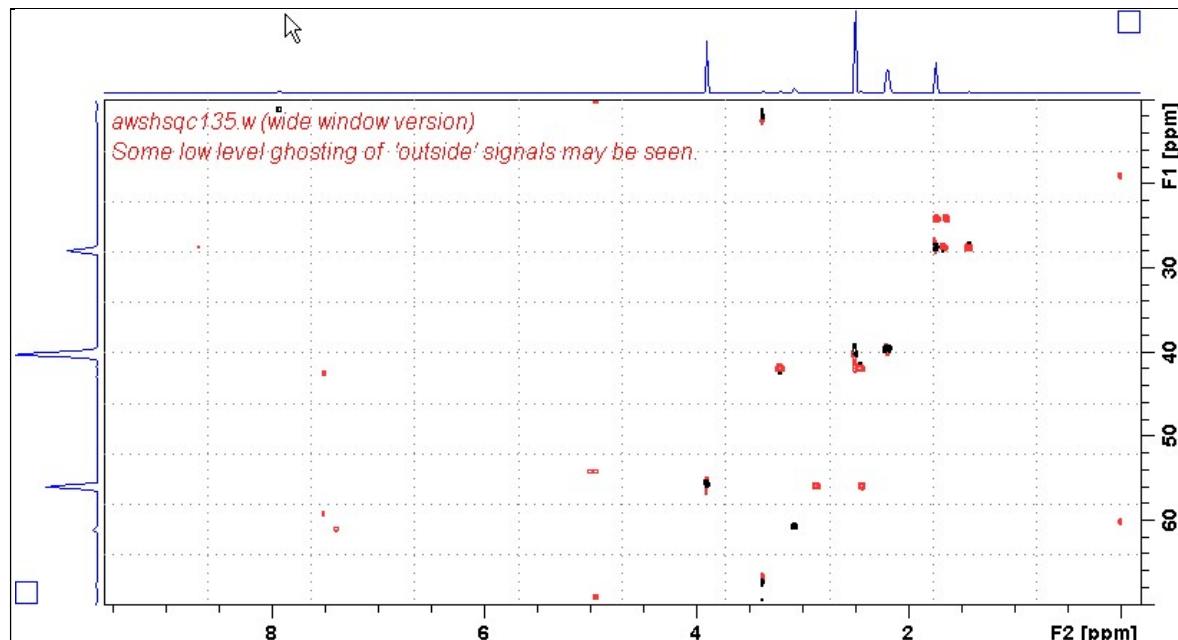
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb, manual phasing and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHSQC135.w spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 40 ppm.

Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

2.10 SHSQC135pr.w Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshsqc135pr.w** (+ getprosol + pulsecal)

Pulse program: **awshsqc135pr.w**

d21 and **d24** are automatically calculated from **cnst2**

SW(¹³C) = 60 ppm; excitation band width is **45-50 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW(¹H)** and **SW(¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for **PR**).

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **2 sec** or other time of your choice.

PLW9(db) = PR power applied during **D1**. If required the **PR** power can be increased by subtracting 6 or 12 db from its prosol Table value.

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = 145 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 125-160 Hz).

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

p33:sp323 Q3 type pulse.

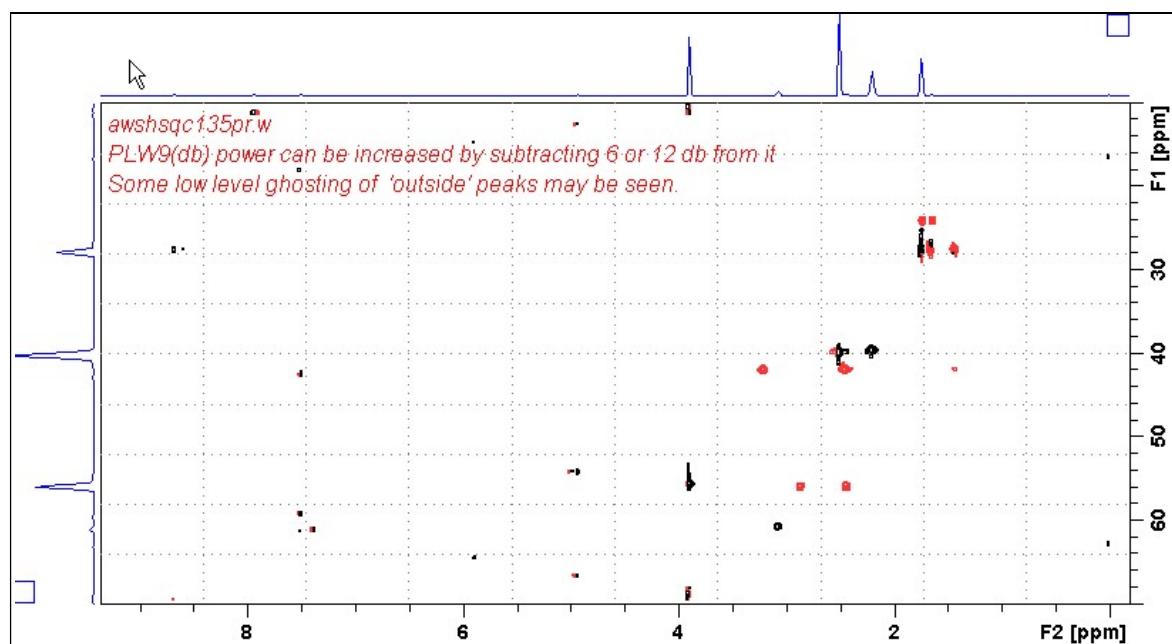
Set receiver gain using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb, manual phasing and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHSQC135pr.w spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 40 ppm.

Presaturation was applied at the HOD line frequency (3.35 ppm). Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

2.11 SHSQC135es.w Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshsqc135esw** (+ getprosol + pulsecal)

Pulse program: **awshsqc135es.w**

d21 and **d24** are automatically calculated from **cnst2**

SW(¹³C) = 60 ppm; excitation band width is **45-50 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW (¹H)** and **SW (¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for ES).

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **1.5 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = **145 Hz** or other value of your choice (eg: 125-160 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

2000 usec p12:sp1 Sinc1.1000 ES pulse and a **p33:sp23 Q3_surbop.1** pulse.

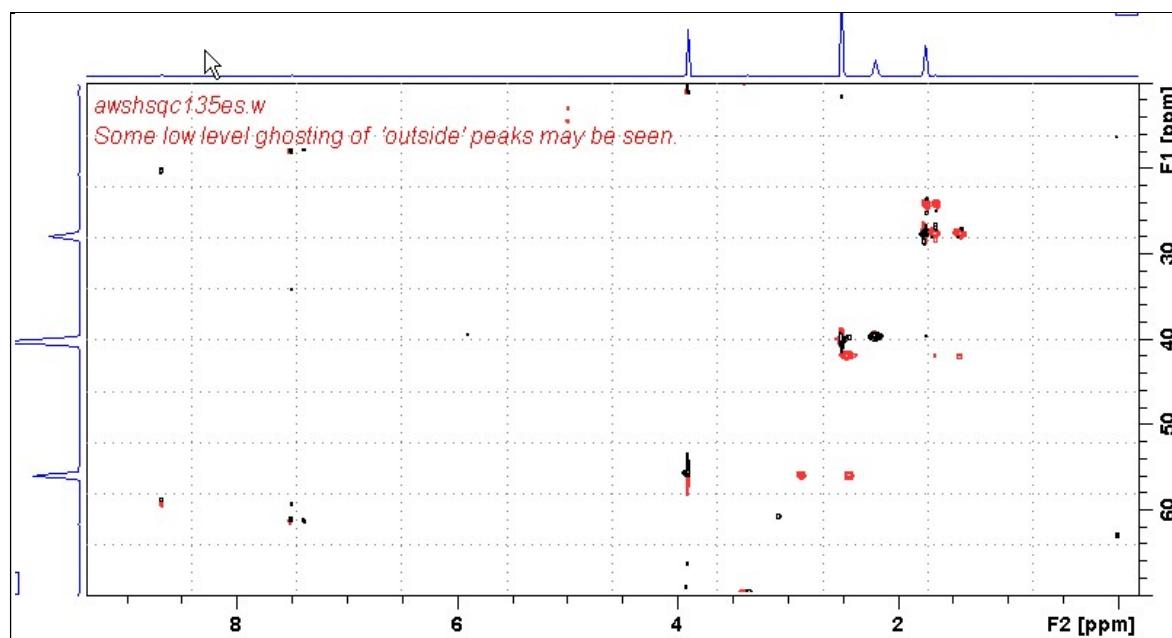
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb, manual phasing and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHSQC135es.w spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 40 ppm. ES was applied at 3.35 ppm (= the HOD line). ¹H signals /correlations located 0.2-0.3 ppm either side of the ES suppressed line have reduced intensity. Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

2.12 SHSQC135.5q3 Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshsqc135.5q3** (+ getprosol + pulsecal)

Pulse program: **awshsqc135.5q3**

d21 and **d24** are automatically calculated from **cns2**

SW(¹³C) = 40 ppm; excitation band width is ~ 28-32 ppm

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW(¹H)** and **SW(¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1P = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **1.5 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = **145 Hz** or other value of your choice (eg: 125-160 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a **555 usec** prosol Table defined **p33:sp23 Q3_surbop.1** pulse.

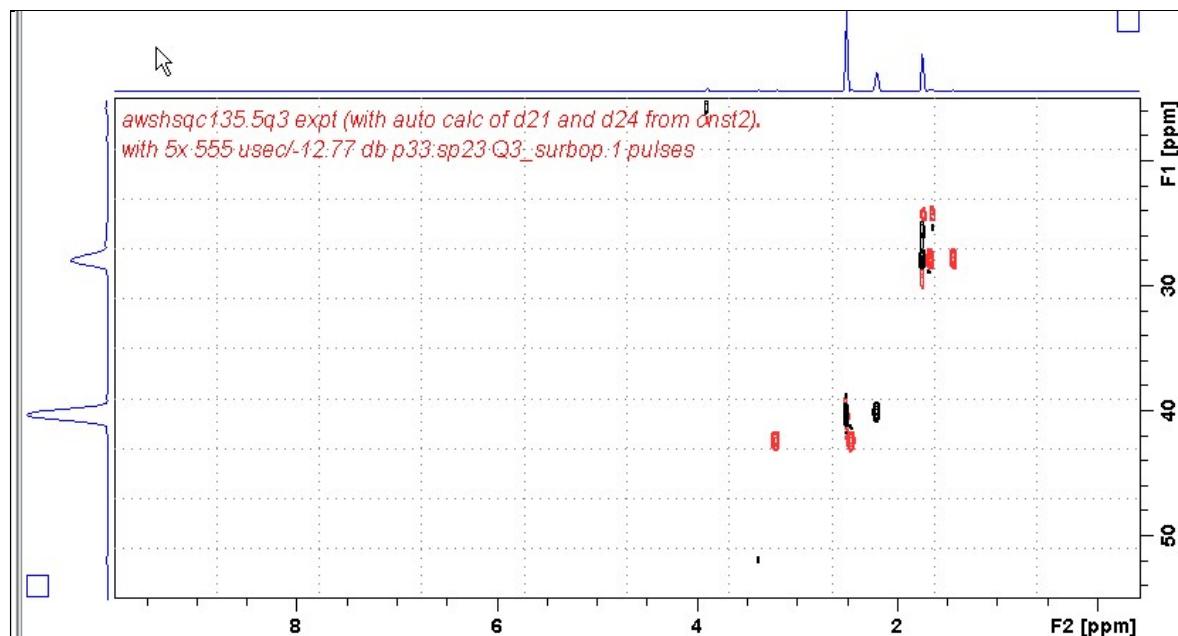
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb, manual phasing and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHSQC135.5q3 spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 35 ppm.

Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

2.13 SHSQC135pr.5q3 Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshsqc135pr.5q3 (+ getprosol + pulsecal)**

Pulse program: **awshsqc135pr.5q3**

d21 and **d24** are automatically calculated from **cnst2**

SW(¹³C) = 40 ppm, excitation band width is **28-32 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW (¹H)** and **SW (¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for **PR**).

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **2 sec** or other time of your choice.

PLW9(db) = **PR power** applied during **D1**. If required the **PR power** can be increased by subtracting 6 or 12 db from its prosol Table value.

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = **145 Hz** or other value of your choice (eg: 125-160 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined **p33:sp23 Q3_surbop.1** pulse.

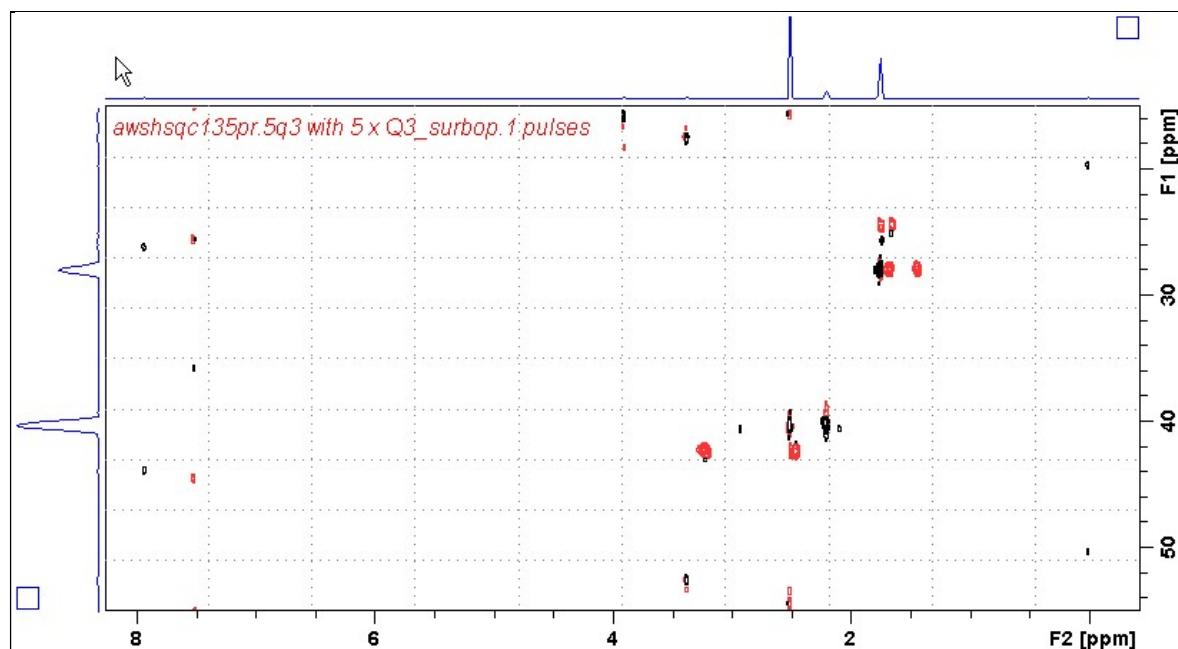
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb, manual phasing and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHSQC135pr.5q3 spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 35 ppm.

Presaturation was applied at the DMSO line frequency (2.51 ppm). Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

2.14 SHSQC135es.5q3 Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshsqc135es.5q3** (+ getprosol + pulsecal)

Pulse program: **awshsqc135es.5q3**

d21 and **d24** are automatically calculated from **cnst2**

SW(¹³C) = 40 ppm; excitation band width is **28-32 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW (¹H)** and **SW (¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for ES).

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **1.5 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = **145 Hz** or other value of your choice (eg: 125-160 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

2000 usec p12:sp1 Sinc1.1000 ES pulse and a **p33:sp23 Q3_surbop.1** pulse.

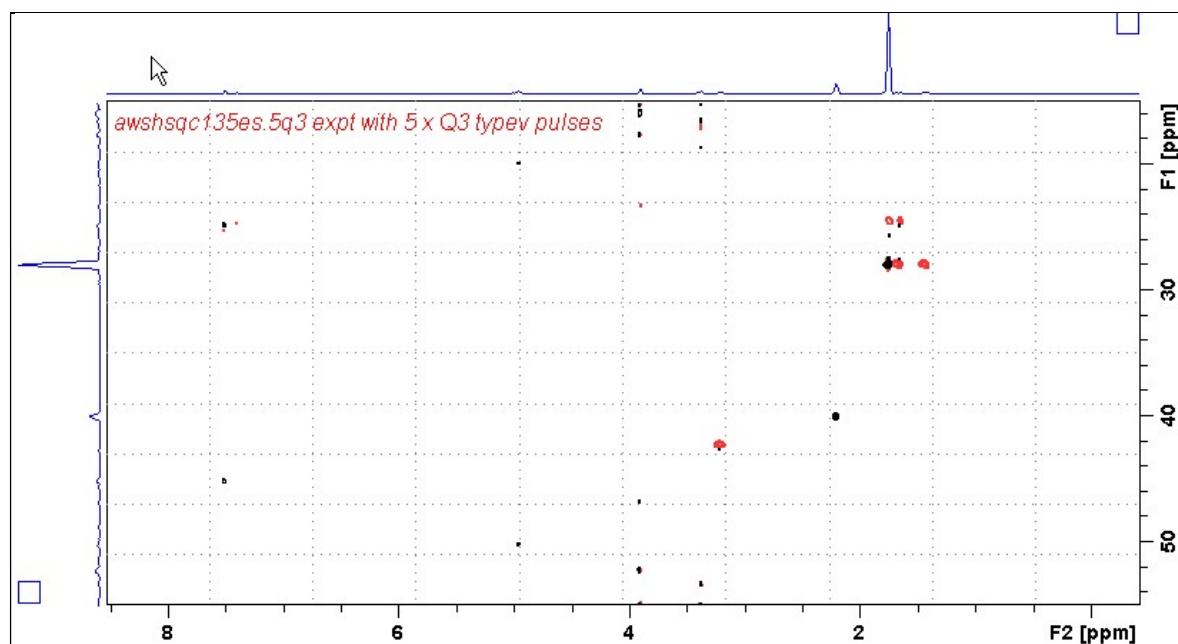
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb, manual phasing and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHSQC135es.5q3 spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 35 ppm. ES was applied at the DMSO line (2.51 ppm). ¹H signals /correlations located 0.2-0.3 ppm either side of the ES suppressed line have reduced intensity. Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

3.1 SHMBCQ5 Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshmbcq5 (+ getprosol + pulsecal)**

Pulse program: **awshmbccq5**

SW(¹³C) = 20 ppm, excitation band width is **12-14 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW(¹H)** and **SW(¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1P = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **1.5 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = 145 Hz or other value of your choice (eg 125-160 Hz).

CNST13 = ⁿJ selection filter = 8 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 6-14 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

p35:sp27 Q5.1000 pulse.

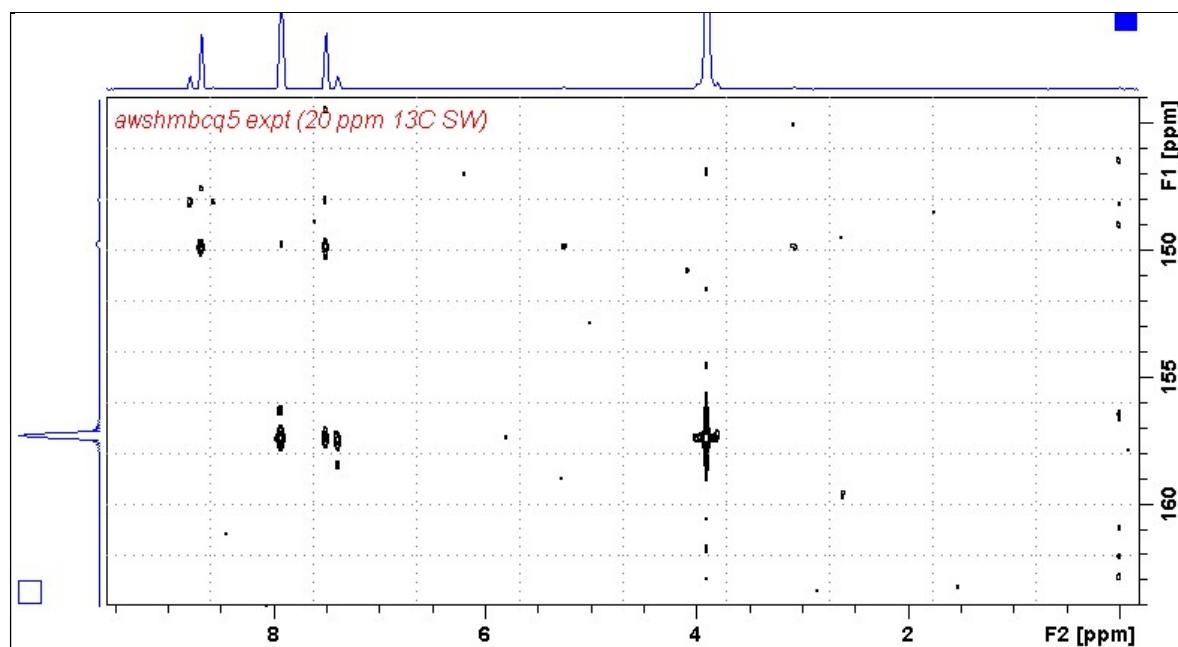
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = SINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 0

xfb and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHMBCQ5 spectrum of quinine in D₆-DMSO centered at 154 ppm.

Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

3.2 SHMBCQ5pr Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshmbcctpr** (+ **getprosol** + **pulsecal**)

Pulse program: **awshmbcctpr**

SW(¹³C) = 20 ppm, excitation band width is **12-14 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW (¹H)** and **SW (¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for **PR**).

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128-256 (your choice).

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **2 sec** or other time of your choice

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = 145 Hz or other value of your choice (eg 125-160 Hz).

CNST13 = ⁿJ selection filter = 8 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 6-14 Hz).

PLW9(db) = PR power applied during D1. If required the **PR** power can be increased by subtracting 6 or 12 db from its prosol Table value.

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

p35:sp27 Q5.1000 pulse.

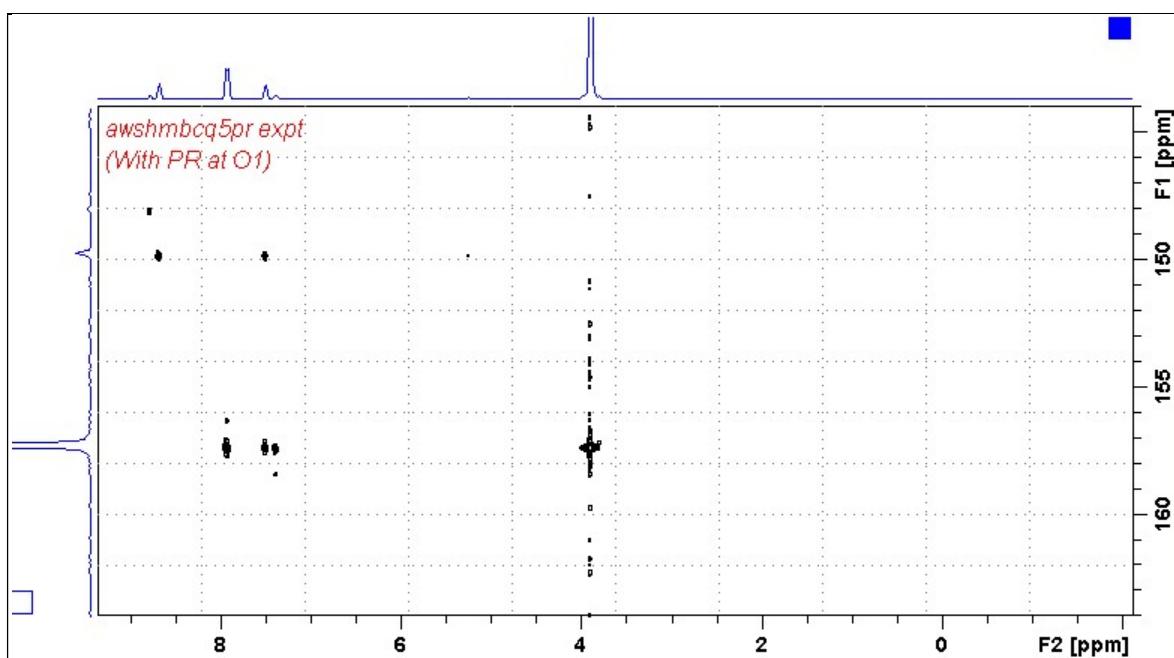
Set receiver gain using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 1K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = SINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 0

xfb and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHMBCQ5pr spectrum of quinine in D₆-DMSO centered at 154 ppm.

Presaturation was applied at the HOD line frequency (3.35 ppm). Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

3.3 SHMBCQ5.m Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshmbcq5.m (+ getprosol + pulsecal)**

Pulse program: **awshmbccq5.m**

SW(¹³C) = 40 ppm, excitation band width is **30-34 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW(¹H)** and **SW(¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1P = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **1.5 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = 145 Hz or other value of your choice (eg 125-160 Hz).

CNST13 = ⁿJ selection filter = 8 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 6-14 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

p23:sp10 Q5.1000 pulse.

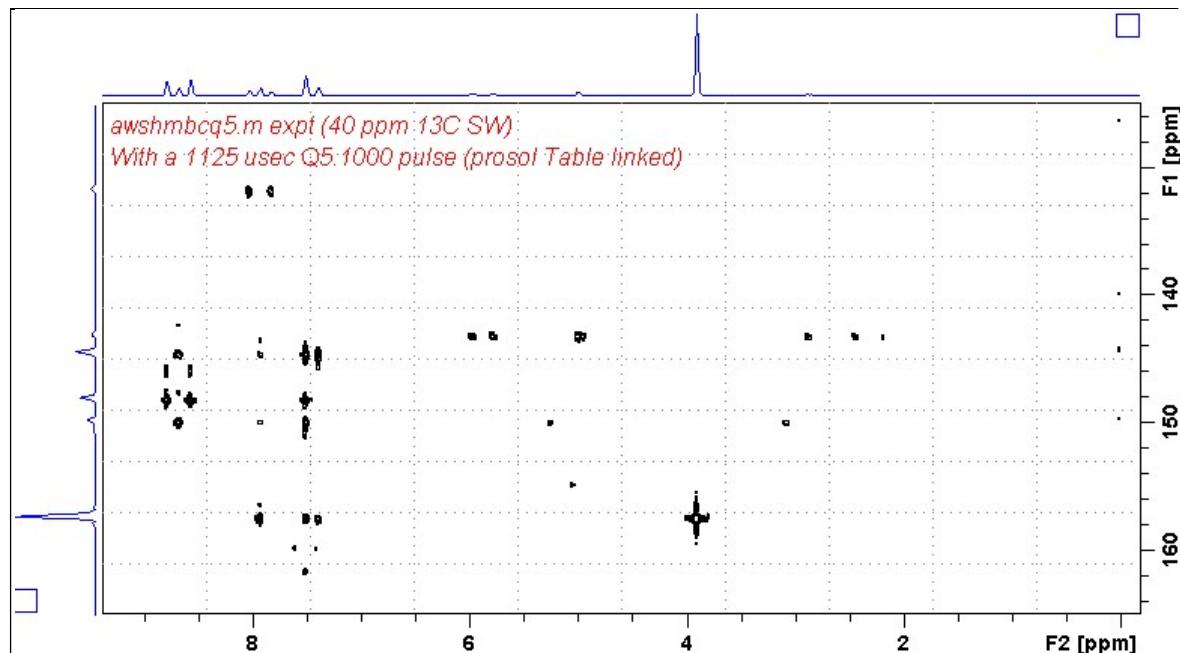
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = SINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 0

xfb and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHMBCQ5.m spectrum of quinine in D₆-DMSO centered at 145 ppm.

Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

3.4 SHMBCQ5pr.m Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshmbcetpr (+ getprosol + pulsecal)**

Pulse program: **awshmbcetpr**

SW(¹³C) = 40 ppm, excitation band width is **30-34 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW (¹H)** and **SW (¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for PR).

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128-256 (your choice).

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **2 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST2 = ¹J coupling constant = 145 Hz or other value of your choice (eg 125-160 Hz).

CNST13 = ⁿJ selection filter = 8 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 6-14 Hz).

PLW9(db) = PR power applied during D1. If required the **PR power** can be increased by subtracting 6 or 12 db from its prosol Table value.

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

p23:sp10 Q5.1000 pulse.

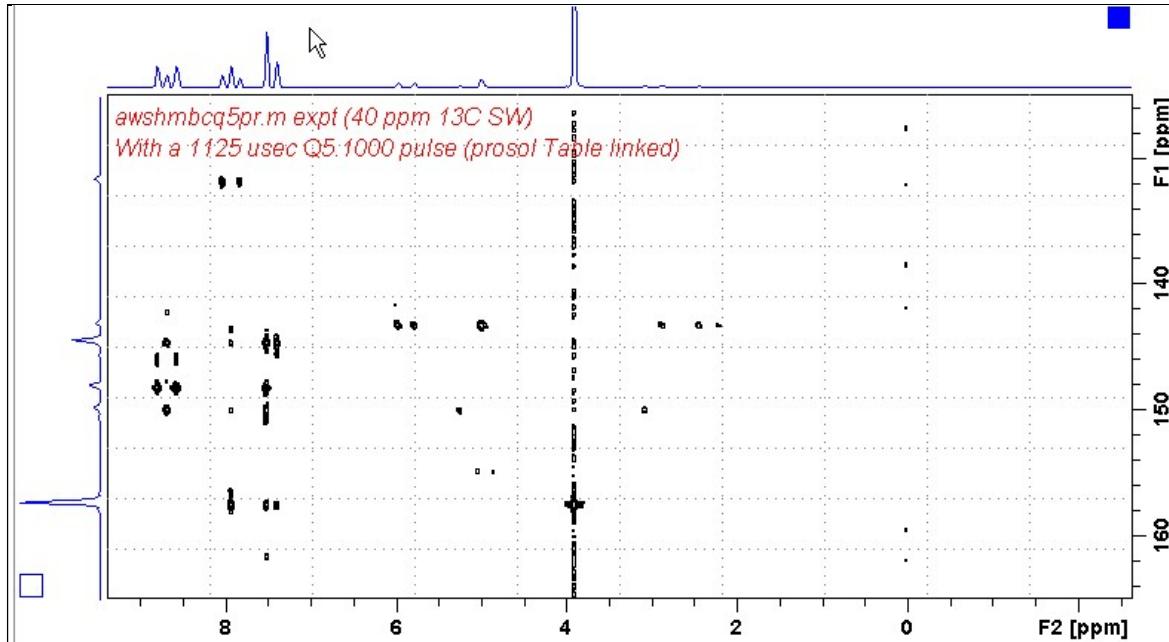
Set receiver gain using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = SINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 0

xfb and abs1 + abs2



Neo-800 SHMBCQ5pr.m spectrum of quinine in D₆-DMSO centered at 145 ppm.

Presaturation was applied at the HOD line frequency (3.35 ppm). Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

3.5 SHMBCCT Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshmbcct (+ getprosol + pulsecal)**

Pulse program: **shmbcctetgpl2nd**

SW(¹³C) = 15 ppm, excitation band width is **8-10 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW(¹H)** and **SW(¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1P = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay =**1.5 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST6 = 120 Hz, CNST7 = 170 Hz = min/max ¹J coupling constants.

CNST13 = ⁿJ selection filter = 8 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 6-14 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

p43:sp32 Q3_surbop.1 pulse.

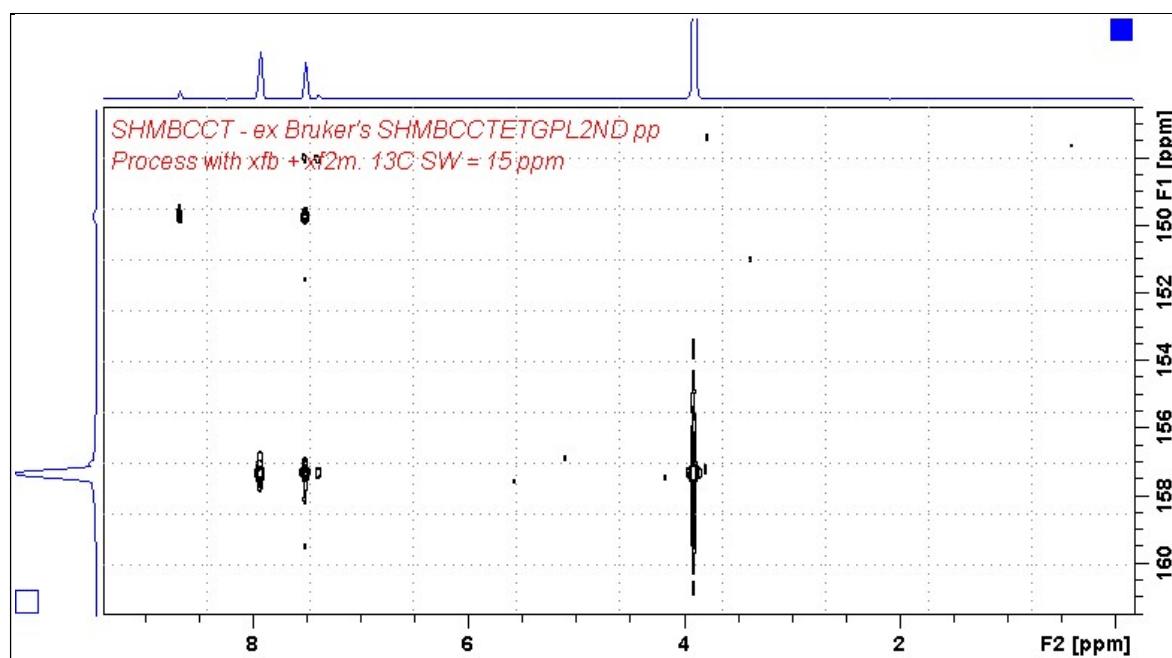
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb and xf2m (and abs1 + abs2)



Neo-800 SHMBCCT spectrum of quinine in D₆-DMSO centered at 154 ppm.

Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

3.6 SHMBCCTPr Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshmbccptr** (+ **getprosol** + **pulsecal**)

Pulse program: **awshmbccptr**

SW(¹³C) = 15 ppm, excitation band width is **8-10 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW (¹H)** and **SW (¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for **PR**).

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128-256 (your choice).

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **2 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST6 = 120 Hz, CNST7 = 170 Hz = min/max ¹J coupling constants.

CNST13 = ⁿJ selection filter = 8 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 6-14 Hz).

PLW9(db) = PR power applied during D1. If required the **PR** power can be increased by subtracting 6 or 12 db from its prosol Table value.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

p43:sp32 Q3_surbop.1 pulse

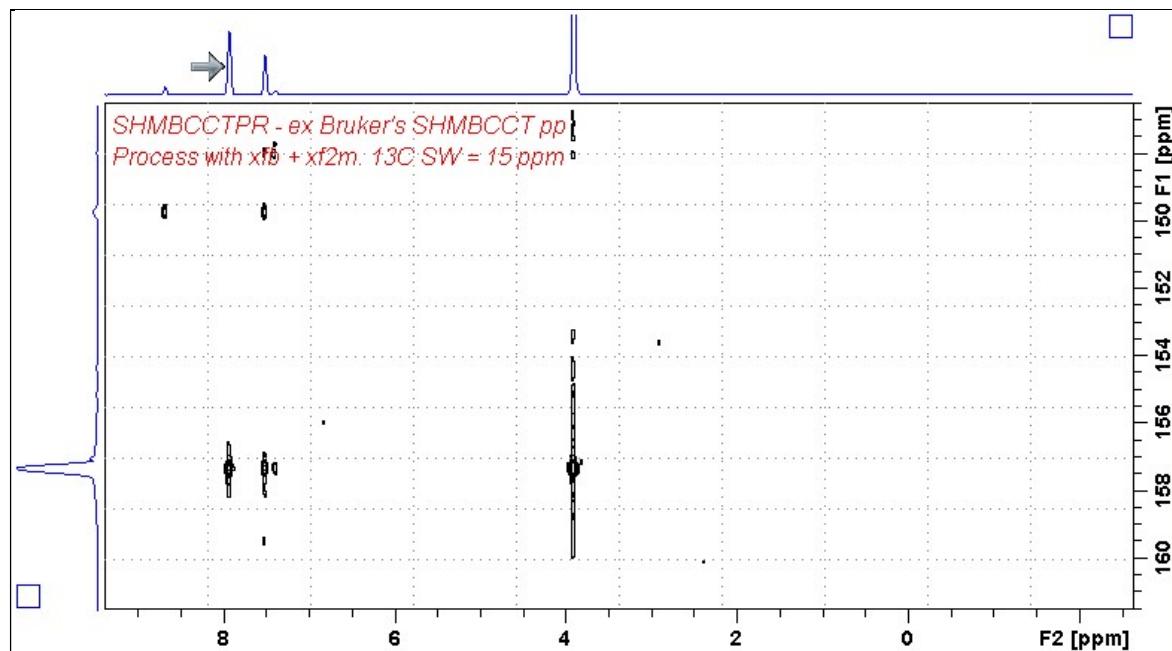
Set receiver gain using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb and xf2m (and abs1 + abs2)



Neo-800 SHMBCCPr spectrum of quinine in D₆-DMSO centered at 154 ppm.

Presaturation was applied at the HOD line frequency (3.35 ppm). Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

3.7 SHMBCTes Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshmbctes (+ getprosol + pulsecal)**

Pulse program: **awshmbctes**

SW(¹³C) = 15 ppm, excitation band width is **8-10 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW (¹H)** and **SW (¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for ES).

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay =**1.5 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST6 = 120 Hz, CNST7 = 170 Hz = min/max ¹J coupling constants.

CNST13 = ⁿJ selection filter = 8 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 6-14 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

2000 usec p40:sp10 Sinc1.1000 ES pulse and a **p43:sp32 Q3_surbop.1** pulse.

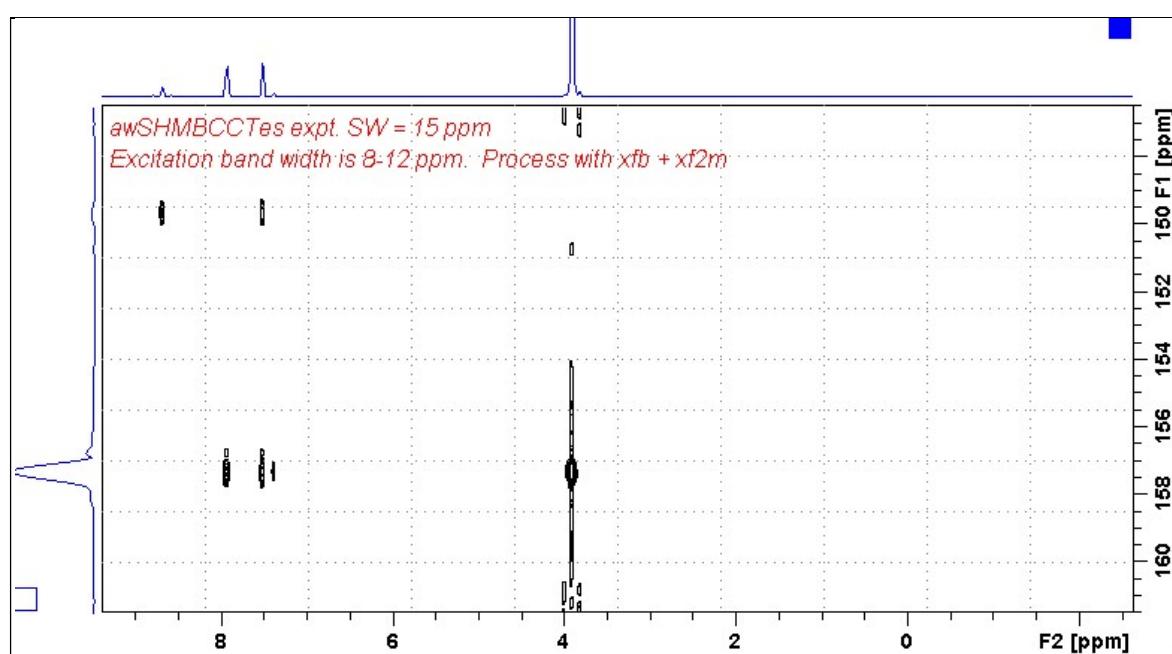
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb and xf2m (and abs1 + abs2)



Neo-800 SHMBCTes spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 154 ppm. ES was applied at 3.35 ppm (= the HOD line). ¹H signals /correlations located 0.2- 0.3 ppm either side of the ES suppressed line have reduced intensity. Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

3.8 SHMBCCT.m Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshmbcct.m** (+ **getprosol** + **pulsecal**)

Pulse program: **awshmbcct.w**

SW(¹³C) = 40 ppm, excitation band width is **28-32 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW(¹H)** and **SW(¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1P = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay =**1.5 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST6 = 120 Hz, CNST7 = 170 Hz = min/max ¹J coupling constants.

CNST13 = ⁿJ selection filter = 8 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 6-14 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined
p24:sp16 Q3_surbop.1 pulse.

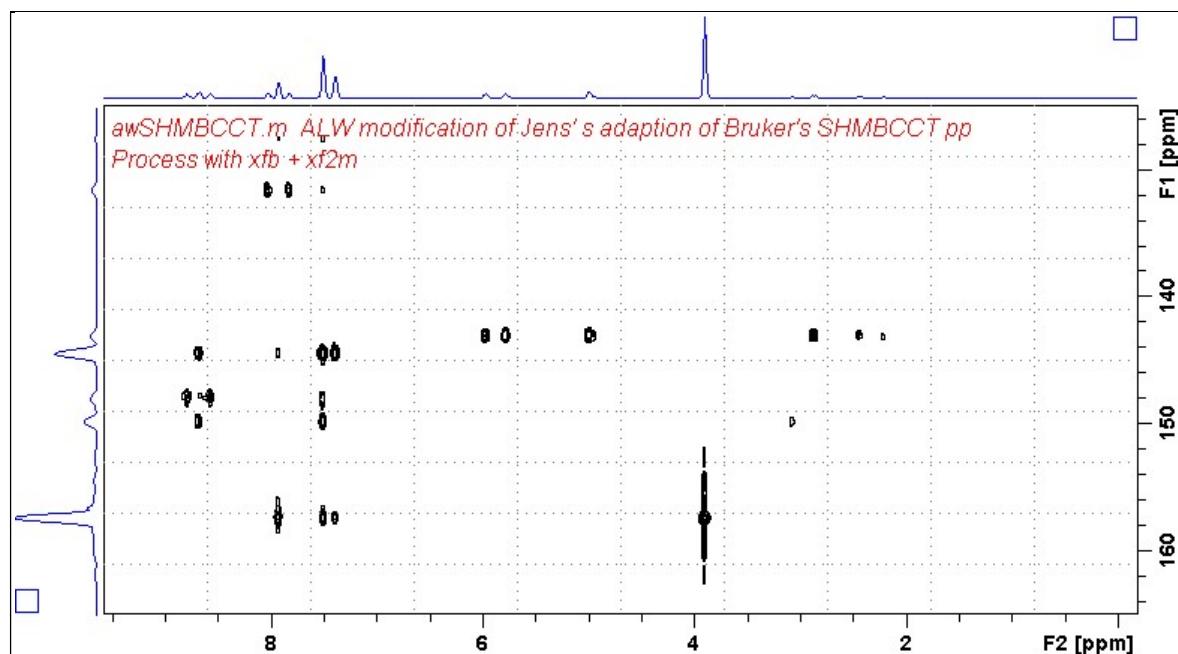
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb and xf2m (and abs1 + abs2)



Neo-800 SHSQCCT.m spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 145 ppm.

Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

SHMBCCTPR (Constant time mode SHMBC experiment)

3.9 SHMBCTpr.m Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshmbctpr.m** (+ getprosol + pulsecal)

Pulse program: **awshmbctpr.m**

SW(¹³C) = 40 ppm, excitation band width is **28-32 ppm**.

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW (¹H)** and **SW (¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for **PR**).

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **2 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST6 = 120 Hz, CNST7 = 170 Hz = min/max ¹J coupling constants.

CNST13 = ⁿJ selection filter = 8 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 6-14 Hz).

PLW9(db) = PR power applied during D1. If required the **PR power** can be increased by subtracting 6 or 12 db from its prosol Table value.

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

p24:sp16 Q3_surbop.1 pulse.

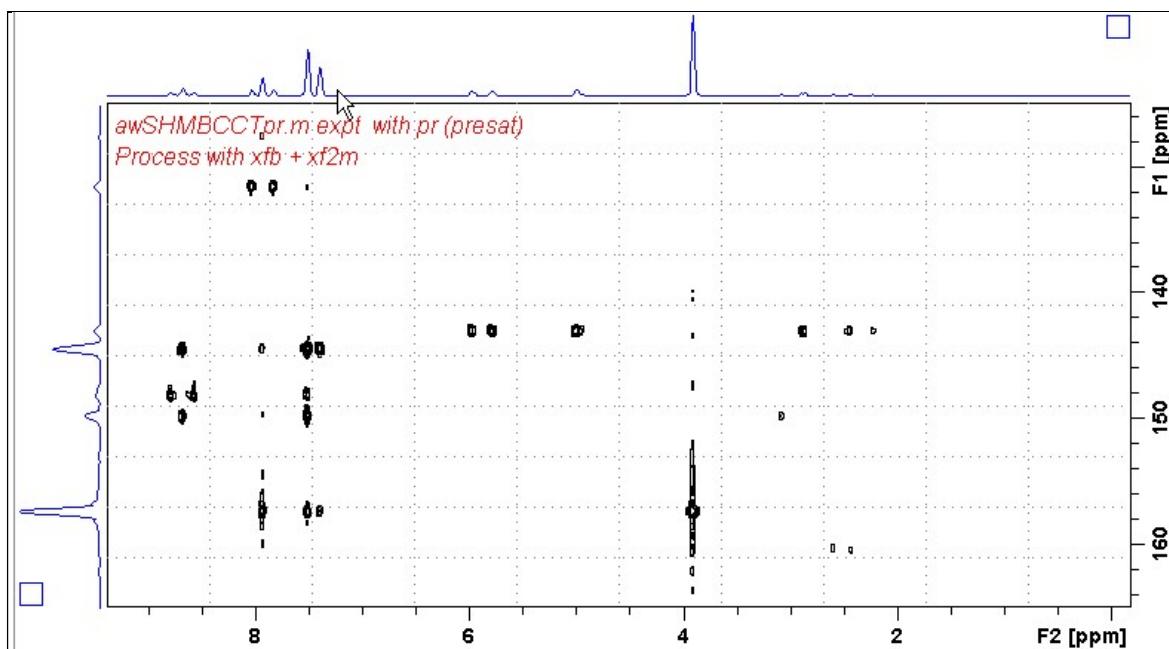
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb and xf2m (and abs1 + abs2)



Neo-800 SHMBCTpr.m spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 145 ppm.

Presaturation was applied at the HOD line frequency (3.35 ppm). Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

3.10 SHMBCTes.m Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshmbcctpr.w (+ getprosol + pulsecal)**

Pulse program: **awshmbcctpr.w**

SW(¹³C) = 40 ppm, excitation band width is **28-32 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW (¹H)** and **SW (¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for **ES**).

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay =**1.5 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST6 = 120 Hz, CNST7 = 170 Hz = min/max ¹J coupling constants.

CNST13 = ⁿJ selection filter = 8 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 6-14 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

2000 usec p12:sp1 Sinc1.1000 ES pulse and a p24:sp16 Q3_surbop.1 pulse.

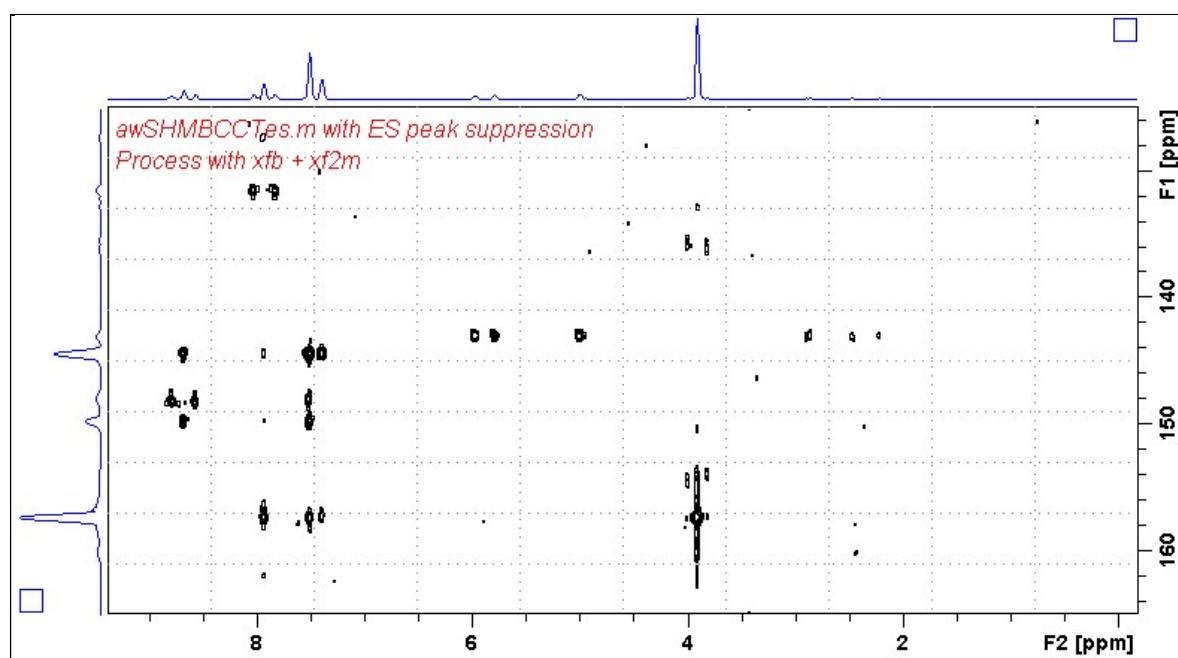
Set receiver gain using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb and xf2m (and abs1 + abs2)



Neo-800 SHMBCTes.m spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 145 ppm. **ES** was applied at 3.35 ppm (= the HOD line). ¹H signals /correlations located 0.2- 0.3 ppm either side of the **ES** suppressed line have reduced intensity. Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

3.11 SHMBCTespr.m Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshmbcctpr.w (+ getprosol + pulsecal)**

Pulse program: **awshmbcctpr.w**

SW(¹³C) = 40 ppm, excitation band width is **28-32 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW (¹H)** and **SW (¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for **ES** and **PR**).

ES can optionally be offset from **PR** as described in the Appendix.

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **2 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST6 = 120 Hz, CNST7 = 170 Hz = min/max ¹J coupling constants.

CNST13 = ⁿJ selection filter = 8 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 6-14 Hz).

PLW9(db) = PR power applied during D1. If required the **PR power** can be increased by subtracting 6 or 12 db from its prosol Table value.

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

2000 usec p12:sp1 Sinc1.1000 ES pulse and a **p24:sp16 Q3_surbop.1** pulse.

ES can optionally be offset from **PR** at **O1** as described in the Appendix.

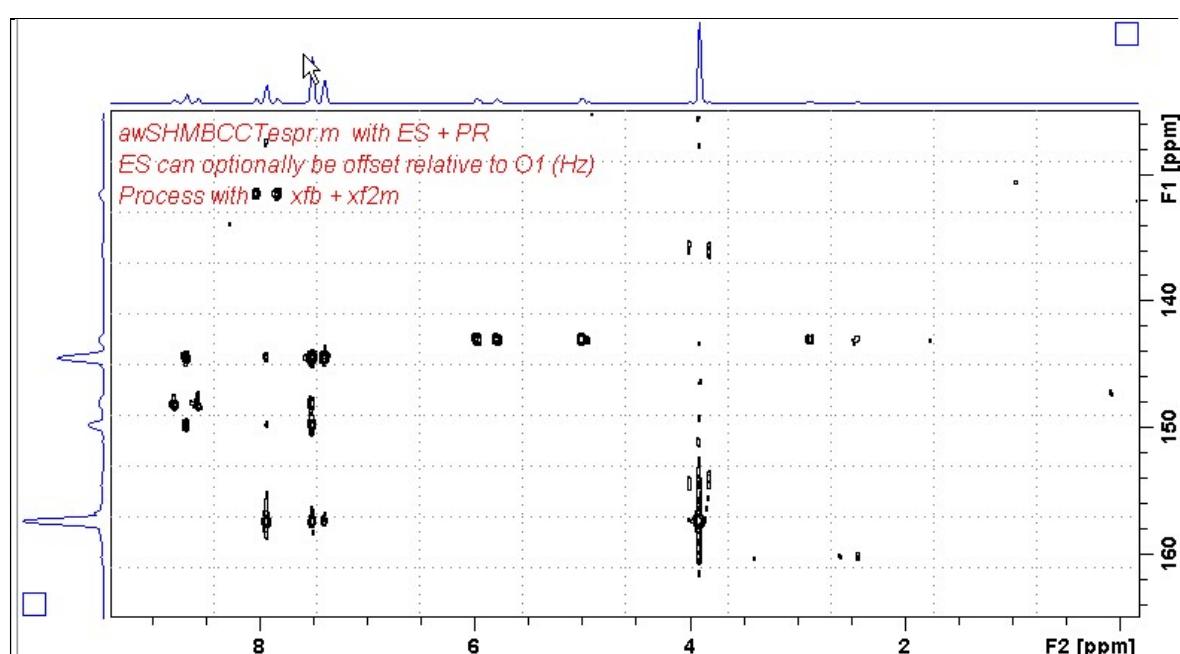
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb and xf2m (and abs1 + abs2)



Neo-800 SHMBCTespr.m spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 145 ppm.

Combined **ES + PR** was applied at 3.35 ppm (= the HOD line). ¹H signals /correlations located ~ 0.3 ppm either side of the **ES** suppressed line have reduced intensity.

Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity

3.12 SHMBCT.w Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshmbcct.w** (+ getprosol + pulsecal)

Pulse program: **awshmbcct.w**

SW(¹³C) = 60 ppm, excitation band width is **45-50 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW(¹H)** and **SW(¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1P = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay =**1.5 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST6 = 120 Hz, CNST7 = 170 Hz = min/max ¹J coupling constants.

CNST13 = ⁿJ selection filter = 8 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 6-14 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined
p33:sp23 Q3_surbop.1 pulse.

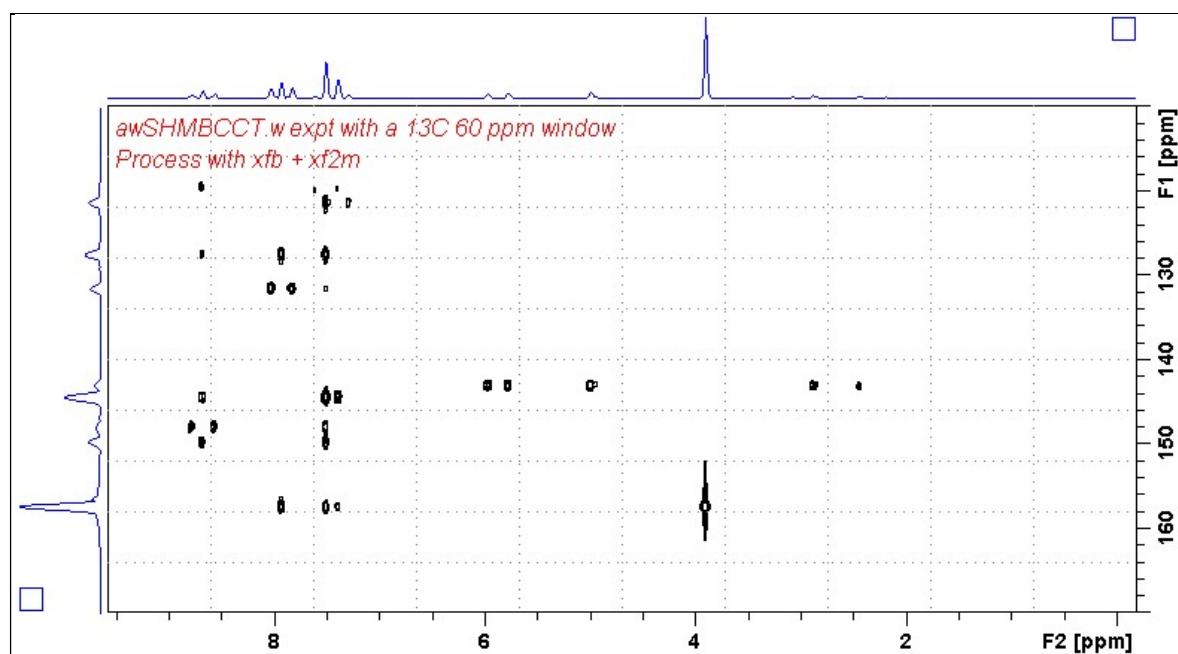
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb and xf2m (and abs1 + abs2)



Neo-800 SHMBCT.w spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 140 ppm.

Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

3.13 SHMBCTpr.w Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshmbctpr.w (+ getprosol + pulsecal)**

Pulse program: **awshmbctpr.w**

SW(¹³C) = 60 ppm, excitation band width is **45-50 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW(¹H)** and **SW(¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for **PR**).

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay = **2 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST6 = 120 Hz, CNST7 = 170 Hz = min/max ¹J coupling constants.

CNST13 = ⁿJ selection filter = 8 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 6-14 Hz).

PLW9(db) = PR power applied during D1. If required the **PR power** can be increased by subtracting 6 or 12 db from its prosol Table value.

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

p33:sp23 Q3_surbop.1 pulse.

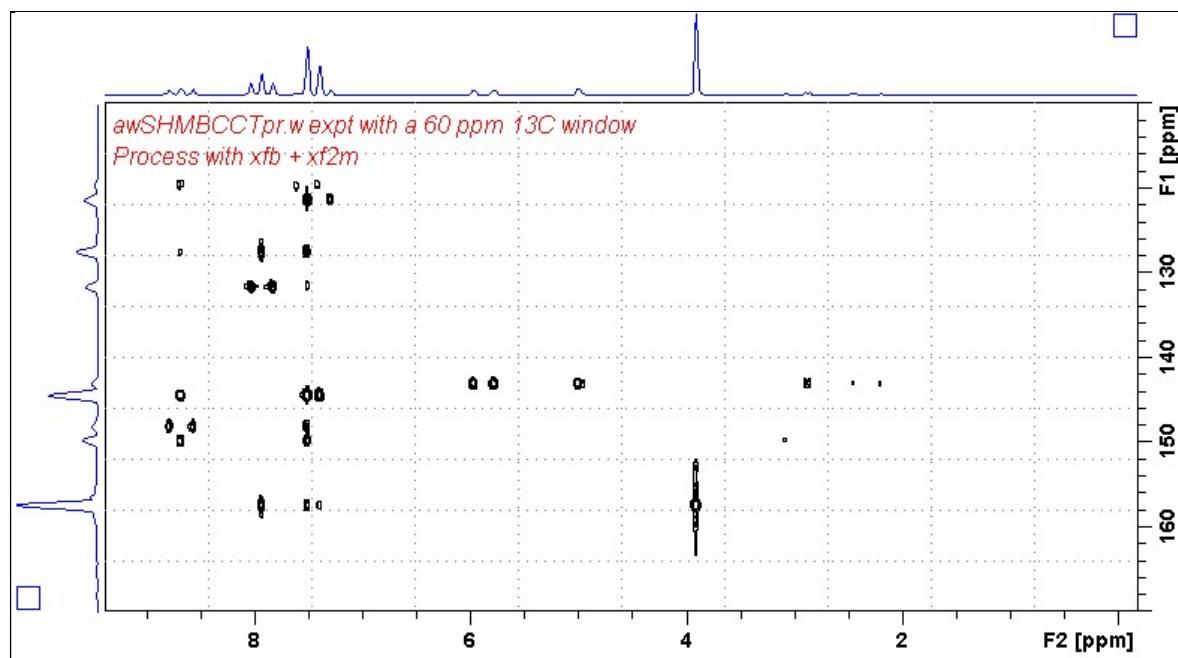
Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb and xf2m (and abs1 + abs2)



Neo-800 SHMBCTpr.w spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 140 ppm.

Presaturation was applied at the HOD line frequency (3.35 ppm). Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

3.14 SHMBCTes.w Spectrum

Parameter set: **awshmbctes.w (+ getprosol + pulsecal)**

Pulse program: **awshmbctes.w**

SW(¹³C) = 60 ppm, excitation band width is **45-50 ppm**

Type **eda** (enter) and enter **SW (¹H)** and **SW (¹³C)** in ppm.

Enter **O1 = ¹H** spectral window midpoint in Hz (for **ES**).

Enter **O2P = ¹³C** spectral window midpoint in ppm.

TD(F2) = 2K, TD(F1) = 128 points.

NS = multiple of 4, 8 or 16, **DS** = 8 or 16.

D1 = repetition delay =**1.5 sec** or other time of your choice.

CNST6 = 120 Hz, CNST7 = 170 Hz = min/max ¹J coupling constants.

CNST13 = ⁿJ selection filter = 8 Hz or other value of your choice (eg: 6-14 Hz).

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Check that gradients and shaped pulses are OK, including a prosol Table defined

2000 usec p12:sp1 Sinc1.1000 ES pulse and a **p33:sp23 Q3_surbop.1** pulse.

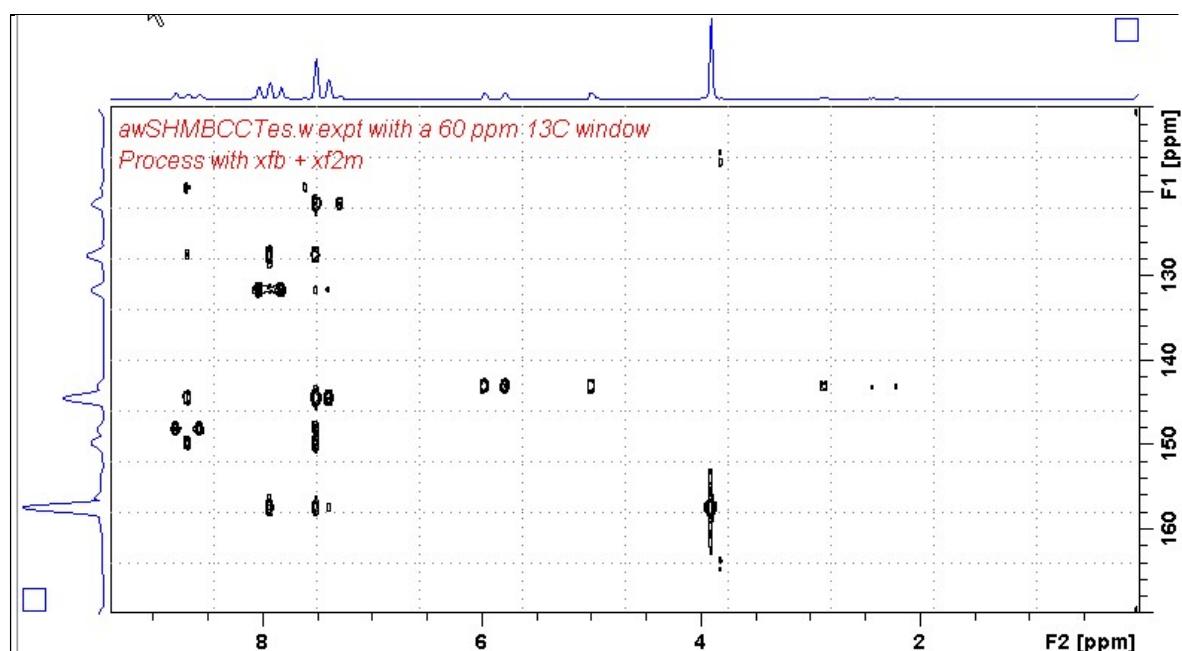
Set receiver gain using **RGA** (*Important!*).

Process with: **SI(F2) = 2K, SI(F1) = 512 or 1K points**

WDW(F1) = WDW(F2) = QSINE

SSB(F2) = SSB(F1) = 2

xfb and xf2m (and abs1 + abs2)



Neo-800 SHMBCTes.w spectrum of quinine in D₆-DSMO centered at 140 ppm. **ES** was applied at 3.35 ppm (= the HOD line). ¹H signals /correlations located 0.2-0.3 ppm either side of the **ES** suppressed line have reduced intensity. Correlations at the edges of the ¹³C spectral window have reduced intensity.

4.0 How to offset ES from O1 in an ESPR experiment

By default **ES** and **PR** are applied at **O1** (Hz) frequency in aw coded **HSQC** and **HMBCCT ESPR** experiments. Combined (double) **ES + PR** can be used to suppress a large HOD or solvent peak.

The **ES** pulse in **shmbc135espr.m** or **shmbccetespr.m** experiments is defined as an f1 (¹H) channel **2000 usec Sinc1.1000 p12:sp1** pulse.

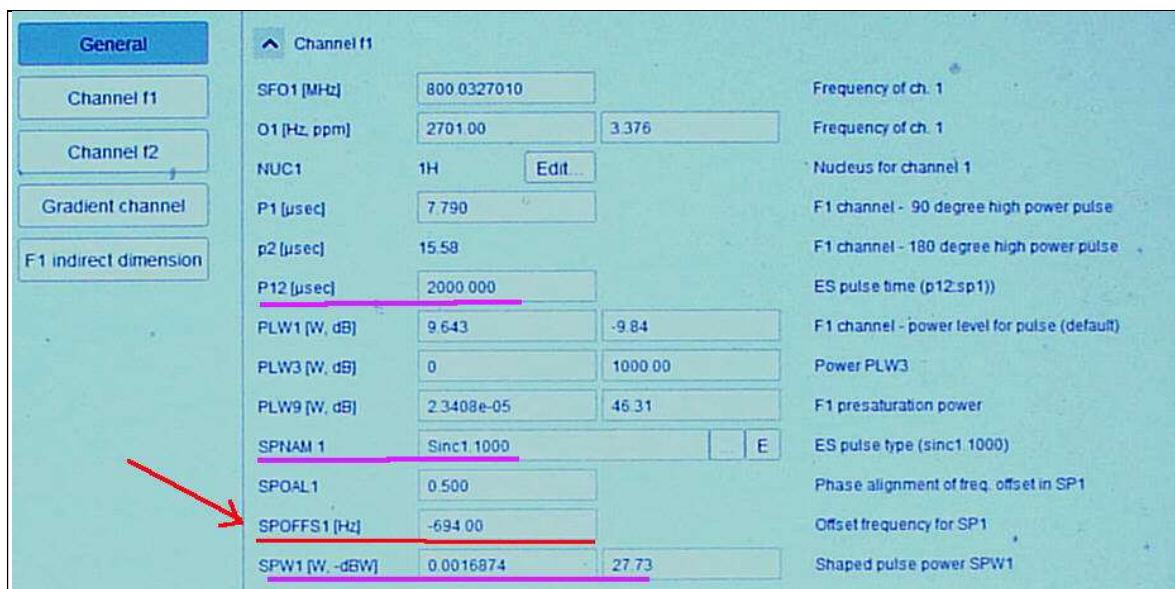
The frequency (in Hz) at which **ES** is applied can optionally be offset from **O1** (= the frequency **PR** is applied) so you can suppress two solvent lines by entering an **SPOFFS1(Hz)** offset value in its **ased** visible cell.

For example if, the **HOD line** occurs at **2701 Hz** and the **DMSO line** occurs at **2007 Hz**, the offset of the **DMSO line** (*to be ES suppressed*) relative to that of the **HOD line** (*PR suppressed at O1*) is calculated as:

$$\text{SPOFFS1(Hz)} = \text{ES offset signal (Hz)} - \text{O1 frequency (Hz)}$$

$$\text{ie } 2007 \text{ Hz (DMSO)} - 2701 \text{ Hz (HOD)} = -694 \text{ Hz}$$

The offset is negative in this case since the **DMSO line** occurs at **-694 Hz less** than that of the frequency at which **PR** is applied to the **HOD line** at **O1 Hz**.



p12:sp1 (<triple> and <triple2>) ES pulse parameters. The **SPOFFS1(Hz)** offset value is red arrowed.

Footnote: **ES** pulses are defined as a **p12:sp1** pulses in pp's that run with *prosol relations* = *<triple>* or *<triple2>* or as **p40:sp10** pulses with *prosol relations* = *<default>* or *not shown/not included* as a pp line.