



KJM 9250

^1H NMR spectra on the AVI-600 and AVII-600

Version 5.0

Topspin 3.5 Windows 7
Topspin 1.3 Windows XP



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January 2018

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1.0 Introduction

aw coded ¹H NMR parameter files generally use a 90° pulse for maximum ¹H signal.

Best ¹H resolution is obtained using **FT** and **PK** (or **APK**) processing. **FT** processing does not apply a line broadening factor. **EF** or **EFP** processing applies a line broadening factor (**LB**).

Resolution enhancement uses negative **LB** values. Try **LB** = -1.0 to -2.5 Hz with **GB** = 0.33, and **GFP** processing. Remember to reset **LB** and **GB** to their normal values (0.1 and 0 respectively) after **GFP** processing.

1.1 Presaturation Experiments

Continuous wave or excitation sculptured (ES) can be used to presaturate ¹H NMR signals. The simplest of these techniques is continuous wave presaturation.

CW presaturation power levels (db settings) can be increased or decreased by subtracting or adding 3-12 db respectively. 6 db = a factor of 2.

The **ES** shaped pulse's excitation window can be decreased by doubling its shaped pulse time from 2000 usec to 4000 usec and halving its power by adding 6 db to that read in using the **getprosol** command.

2.0 ¹H NMR experiments

2.1 ¹H NMR with a 30, 45 or 90 degree pulse

2.2 ¹H NMR with CW presaturation

2.3 ¹H NMR with dual CW presaturation

2.4 ¹H NMR with ES peak suppression

2.5 ¹H NMR with combined ES + CW presaturation on F1

**2.6 ¹H NMR with combined ES + CW presaturation on F1
and CW presaturation on F2**

2.7 ¹H NMR with three peak ES + dual CW presaturation

2.1 ^1H NMR spectra with a 30, 45 or 90 degree pulse

Parameter sets: **awproton30**, **awproton45**, **awproton90** (+ **getprosol**)

Pulse programmes: **zg30**, **awzg45** or **zg** respectively

TD = 64 K, **SI** = 64 K

SW = 16 ppm, **O1P** = 7.0 ppm.

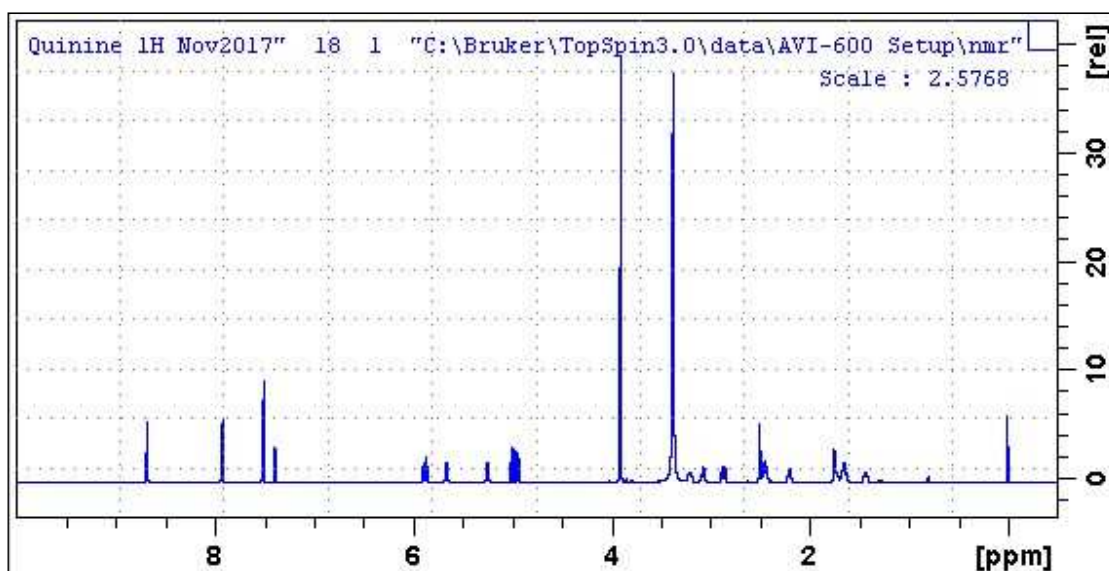
D1 = 1.5 sec or other time of your choice.

NS = any number, **DS** = 2, 4, 8.

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*important!*).

Process with **FT** (no line broadening) or **EFP** (applies **LB**).



600 MHz ^1H NMR spectrum of quinine in D_6 -DMSO.

2.2 ^1H NMR spectrum with CW presaturation

Parameter set: **awprotonpr** (+ **getprosol**)

Pulse programme: **zgpr**

TD = 32 K or 64 K , **SI** = 32 K or 64 K.

SW = 18 ppm.

O1 = frequency in Hz of the F1 signal to be presaturated.
= spectral window midpoint. Check **SW** is wide enough.

PL9 = **F1** presaturation power applied during **D1**.

D1 = 2 sec or other time of your choice.

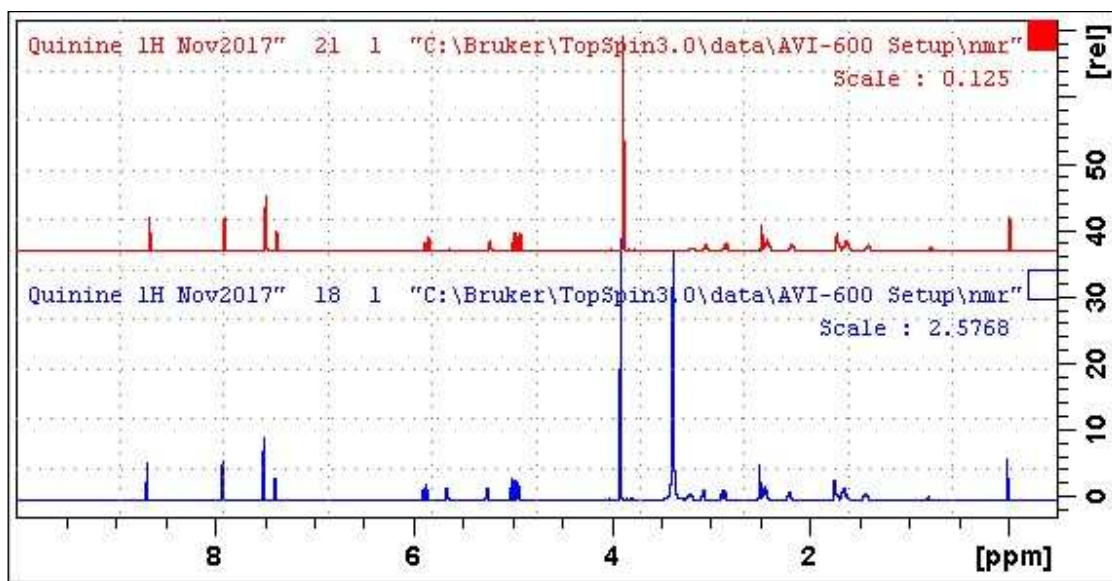
Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Add (or subtract) 3-12 db to **PL9** to decrease (or increase) the presaturation power.

6 db = a factor of 2. A larger attenuation setting decreases the power level.

Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*important!*).

Process with **EFP** (applies **LB**).



Lower: 600 MHz ^1H NMR spectrum of quinine in D_6 -DMSO.

Upper: ^1H NMR spectrum with CW presaturation of the HOD line at 3.37 ppm.

2.3 ^1H NMR spectrum with dual CW presaturation

Parameter set: **awprotonprf1prf2 (+ getprosol)**

Pulse programme: **awprotonprf1prf2**

TD = 64 K, **SI** = 64 K.

SW = 18 ppm.

O1 = frequency in Hz of the F1 signal to be presaturated.
= spectral window midpoint. Check **SW** is wide enough.

O2 = frequency in Hz of the F2 signal to be presaturated.

PL9 = F1 presaturation power applied during D1.

PL21 = F2 presaturation power applied during D1.

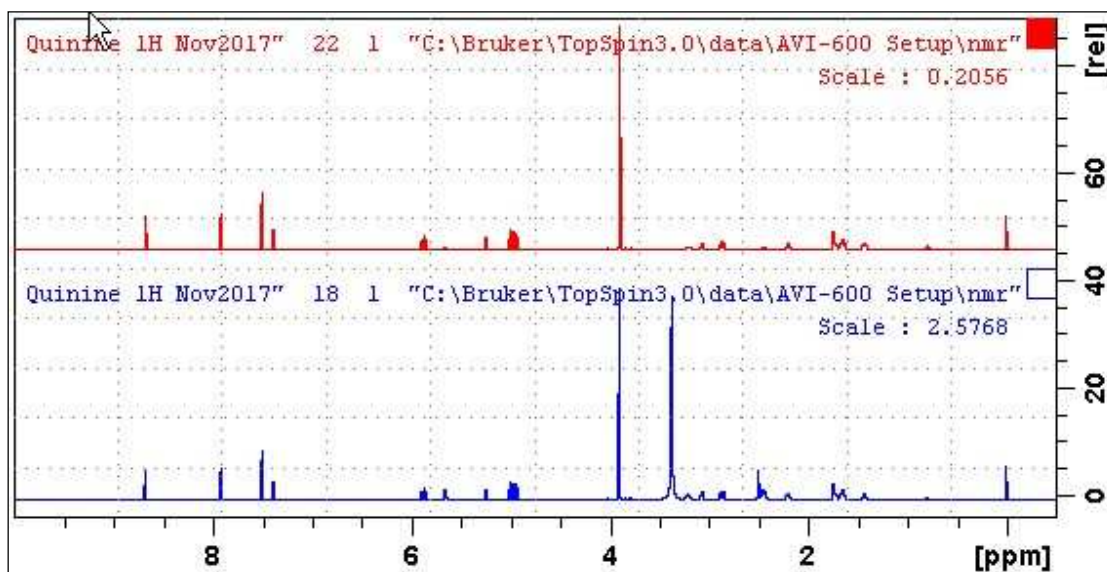
D1 = 2 sec or other time of your choice.

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job.

Add (or subtract) 3-12 db to **PL9** and/or **PL21** to decrease (or increase) the presaturation power. 6 db = a factor of 2. A larger attenuation setting decreases the power level.

Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*important!*).

Process with **EFP** (applies **LB**).



Lower: 600 MHz ^1H NMR spectrum of quinine in D_6 -DMSO.

Upper: ^1H NMR spectrum with CW presaturation of the HOD (3.37 ppm) and DMSO (2.5 ppm) lines.

2.4 ^1H NMR spectrum with ES peak suppression

Parameter sets: **awprotones (+ getprosol)**

Pulse programmes: **zgesgp**

TD = 64 K, **SI** = 64 K.

SW = 18 ppm.

O1 = frequency in Hz of the F1 signal to be ES suppressed.

= spectral window midpoint Check. **SW** is wide enough.

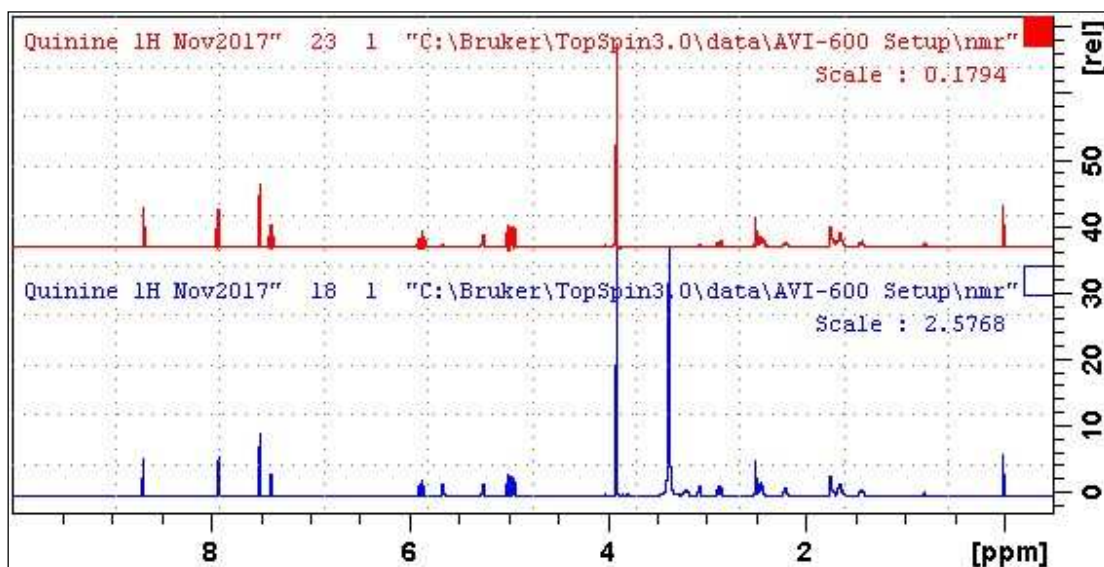
D1 = 2 sec or other time of your choice.

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job. Verify gradients are OK.

Check **P12** = 2000 usec, **SPNAM1** = **squa100.1000**

Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*important!*).

Process with **EFP** (applies **LB**).



Lower: 600 MHz ^1H NMR spectrum of quinine in $\text{D}_6\text{-DMSO}$.

Upper: ^1H NMR spectrum with ES suppression of the HOD line at 3.37 ppm.

2.5 ^1H NMR with combined ES and CW presaturation on F1

Parameter set: **awprotonespr** (+ **getprosol**)

Pulse programmes: **awprotonespr**

TD = 64 K, **SI** = 64 K.

SW = 18 ppm.

O1 = frequency in Hz of the F1 signal to be ES suppressed.
= spectral window midpoint. Check **SW** is wide enough.

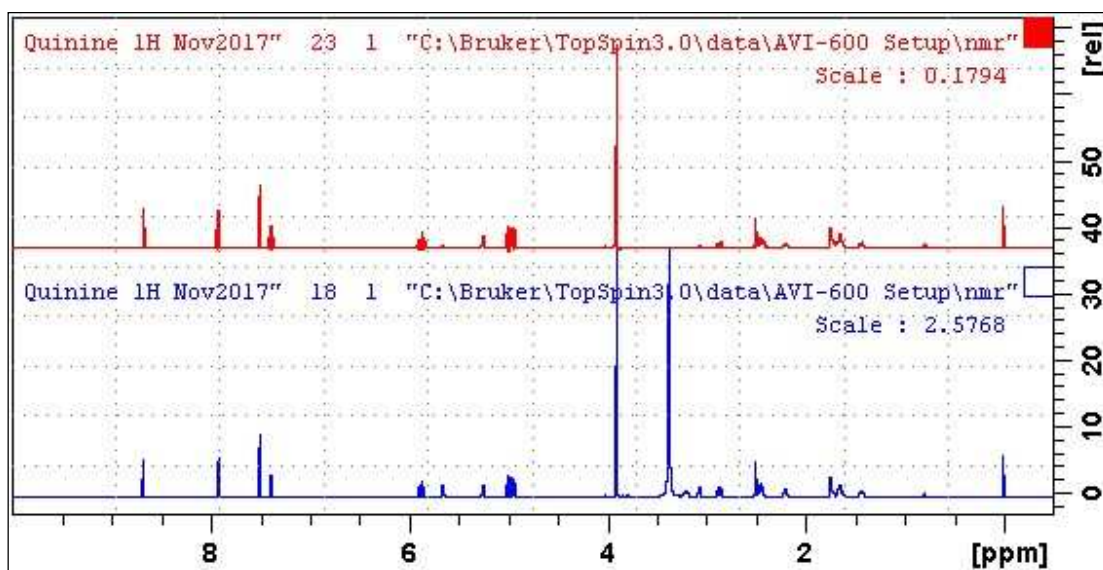
PL9 = F1 presaturation power applied during D1.

D1 = 2 sec or other time of your choice.

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job. Verify gradients are OK.
Check **P12** = 2000 usec, **SPNAM1** = **squa100.1000**.

Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*important!*).

Process with **EFP** (applies **LB**).



Lower: 600 MHz ^1H NMR spectrum of quinine in D_6 -DMSO.

Upper: ^1H NMR spectrum with combined ES and CW presaturation of the HOD line at 3.37 ppm.

2.6 ^1H NMR spectrum with combined ES+CW presaturation on F1 and CW presaturation on F2

Parameter set: **awprotonesprf1prf2 (+ getprosol)**

Pulse programmes: **awprotonesprf1prf2**

TD = 64 K, **SI** = 64 K.

SW = 18 ppm.

O1 = frequency in Hz of the F1 signal to be combined ES + CW suppressed
= spectral window mid-point. Check SW is wide enough..

O2 = frequency in Hz of the F2 signal to be CW presaturated.

PL9 = F1 presaturation power applied during **D1**.

PL21 = F2 presaturation power applied during **D1**.

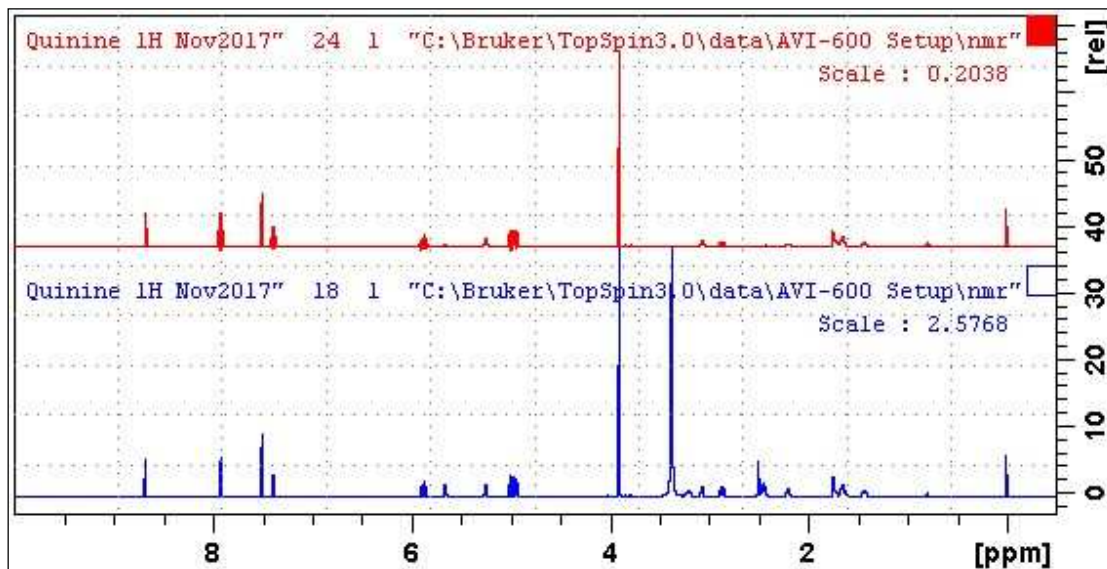
D1 = 2 sec or other time of your choice.

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job. Verify gradients are OK.

Check **P40** = 2000 usec, **SPNAM10** = **squa100.1000**.

Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*important!*).

Process with **EFP** (applies **LB**).



Lower: 600 MHz ^1H NMR spectrum of quinine in D_6 -DMSO.

Upper: ^1H NMR with combined ES + CW presaturation of the HOD line (3.37 ppm) on F1 and the DMSO line (2.5 ppm) on F2.

2.7 ^1H NMR spectrum with three peak ES + dual CW presaturation

Parameter set: **awprotonesprf1prf2** (+ **getprosol**)

Pulse programmes: **awprotonesprf1prf2**

TD = 64 K, **SI** = 64 K.

SW = 20 ppm.

O1 = frequency in Hz of the F1 signal to be CW suppressed.

= spectral window midpoint. Check SW is wide enough.

O1* = frequency in Hz of the F1 signal to be ES suppressed

SPOFFS10 = (**O1***-**O1**) Hz (may be a positive or negative value).

O2 = frequency in Hz of the F2 signal to be CW presaturated.

PL9 = F1 presaturation power applied during **D1**.

PL21 = F2 presaturation power applied during **D1**.

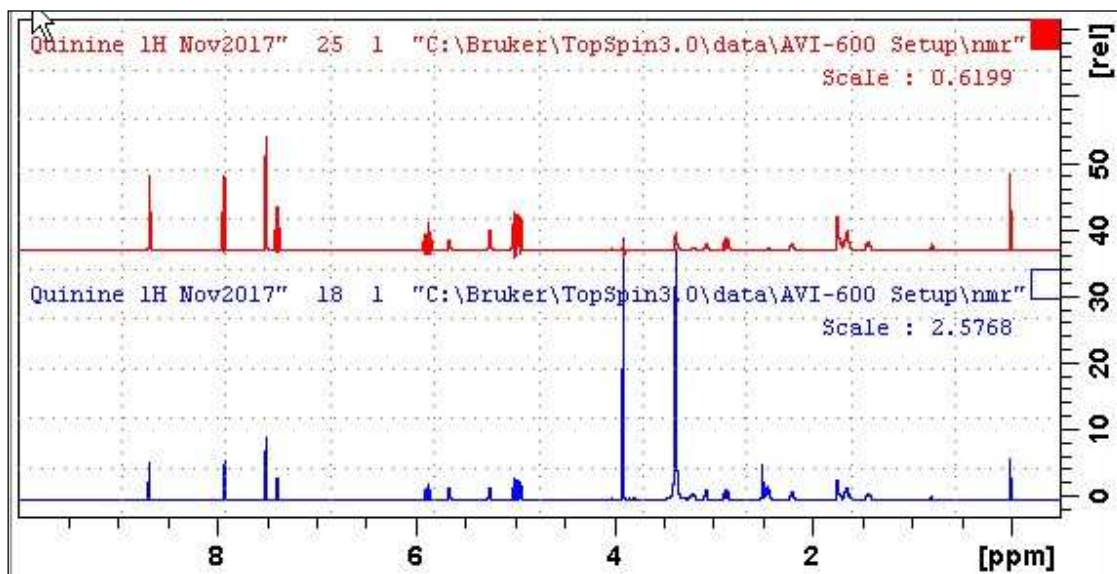
D1 = 2 sec or other time of your choice.

Type **ased** (enter) and review parameters used in the job. Verify gradients are OK.

Check **P40** = 2000 usec, **SPNAM10** = **squa100.1000**.

Set **receiver gain** using **RGA** (*important!*).

Process with **EFP** (applies **LB**).



Lower: 600 MHz ^1H NMR spectrum of quinine in D_6 -DMSO.

Upper: ^1H NMR with CW presaturation on F1 of quinine's OCH_3 signal (3.89 ppm), offset ES suppression of the HOD line (3.37 ppm) and CW presaturation on F2 of the DMSO signal (2.5 ppm).