

KJM 9250

Proton T₂ Spectra on the AVI-600 and AVII-600

Version 1.0



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1.0 Introduction

An **awprotont2** parameter set and linked **VCLIST** file from which a **VDLIST** file <u>must</u> be calculated prior to processing a T₂ data set have been set up on the AVI-600 and AVII-600 spectrometers running under TS2.1 and TS3.2 respectively.

The parameter sets have D1 = 10 sec and 8 x VCLIST values. The T_2 data set is acquired using the <u>smallest velist value first</u>. <u>Prior to processing T_2 data sets variable constant</u> (VC) values must be converted to time domain variable delay (VD) values using the <u>vetovd</u> command (see instructions 15 and 16.)

D1 and the longest **VD** time derived from the largest VC value should be 3-5 times the longest T_2 in the sample compound. T_2 is always shorter than T_1 .

$$VD_{max} = [P2 + (2*D20)]* VC_{max}$$

T₂ data sets can be processed on the spectrometer terminal or off line using any version of Topspin provided the linked **VCLIST** file is either resident in the experiment's top level folder (= default setting: see below) or recreated or copied into the off line terminal's $C:\Bruker\TopspinX.X\exp\stan\nmr\lists\vc$ folder.

If required VCLIST file that is present in the experiment's top level folder can be opened with **WordPad** and the **VC** values in it can be viewed and used to recreate the original named **VCLIST** file from which the **VDLIST** file can be created using the **vctovd** command.

uxnmr.info	2/01/2017 10:50 p	INFO File	4 KB
uxnmr.par	2/01/2017 10:50 p	PAR File	24 KB
vclist	8/02/2018 10:30 p	File	1 KB

NB: The experimental copy of the variable constant file is named as **vclist** irrespective of the name of the source vclist file.

2.0 Experiment Set Up

- 1) Create an experiment and read in the **awprotont2** parameter set (+ **getprosol**). Pulse programme = **cpmg**
- 2) Review default settings. These settings can be adjusted if required.

```
TD(F2) = 16K or 32K, TD(F1) = 8

SW = 14 ppm, O1P = 6.3 ppm.

D1 = 10 sec.

D20 = 400 usec = 0.000400 sec

D20 should be approx 40-60% of 50*P2 (eg 50 *16.2 usec = 810 usec)

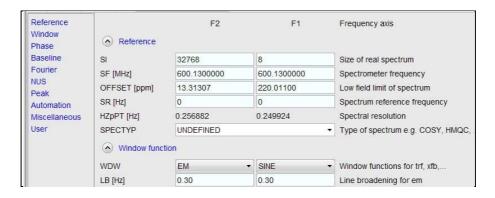
NS = multiple of 4 or 8, DS = 4 or 8.
```

3) Type **ased** (enter) and review other parameters used in the job including the linked **VCLIST** file = **AWPROTONT2-8**.

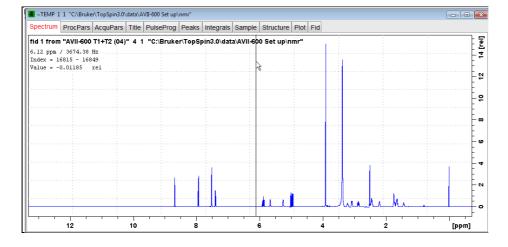
4) The VCLIST file should have the entries shown below. Do not alter the values in this file. An alternatively named VCLIST file should be created if different VC and D1 values are required for a particular compound. See the Appendix to this document for the VD values that arise from the VC values below when P2 = (180 degree pulse) = 16.2 usec and D20 = 400 usec = 0.0004 sec.



- 5) Set receiver gain using **RGA** (*important!*).
- 6) Type edp (enter) and check that SI(F2) = 32K, SI(F1) = 8, WDW(F2) = EM, LB(F2) = 0.3-0.5 Hz or other value of your choice.



- 7) Start the acquisition using the **ZG** command
- 8) When the experiment has run type **rser 1** (enter) to read in the first serial file which will appear in a TEMP screen display window.
- 9) Type **EFP** (return) to transform it and phase it as per a normal proton spectrum.



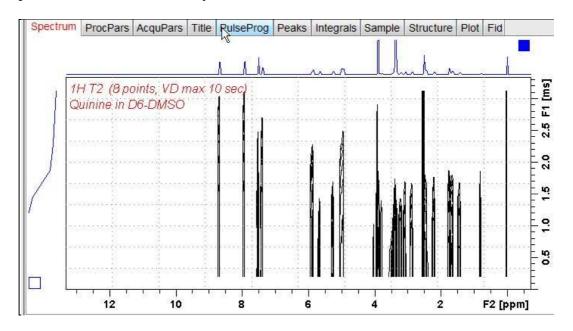
10) Type **edp** (enter) and note the phase constants for this spectrum.



- 11) Close the **TEMP** window and reload the T_2 data set file.
- 12) Type **edp** (enter) and enter the phase constants noted in step 10 above into the **F2 PHC0** and **PHC1** cells and check **PH_MOD** = pk. **F1** cell info is not used.

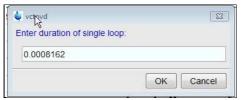


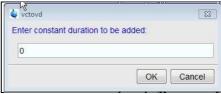
- 13 Type xf2 (return) to transform the 2D data set followed by abs2 (return) to baseline smooth it.
- 14) Provided phase constants have been correctly set up the transformed data set plot should resemble that shown below. Signals intensities go from their maximum positive value to zero intensity.



3.0 T₂ Data Set Processing

- 15) <u>Prior to processing a T₂ data set it is essential that variable constant (VC) values are converted to time domain variable delay (VD) values.</u>
- **16**) Type **vctovd** (enter) and click OK on the display panels that appear.





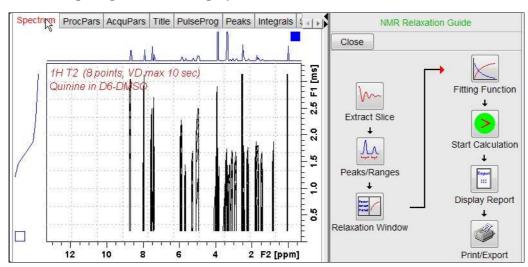
See the Appendix for the calculation of this value

Not used.

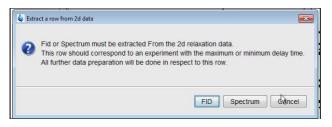
17) Open Topspin's **Analysis** menu and click its **T1/T2 Relaxation** tab. If other Bruker processing software has been installed on the spectrometer terminal, as may be the case on the AVII-600, select the **Analysis** menu's **Topspin T1/T2 module** tab and open its **T1/T2 Relaxation** sub-menu tab.



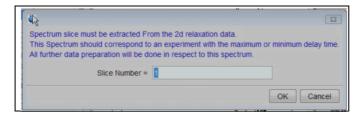
This will open up the screen display shown below.



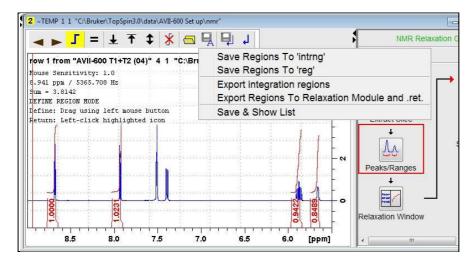
18) Click the **Extract Slice** button and then the click **Spectrum** button in the panel that appears.



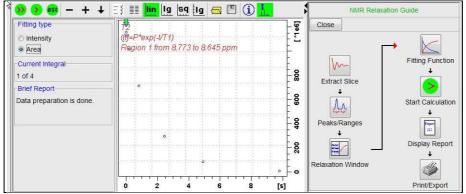
19) Enter 1 in the Slice Number cell and click the OK button. This will display the transformed spectrum ex the first (shortest) VCLIST → VDLIST value = the one that was phased via the rser 1 routine in steps 8 and 9.



- **20**) Expand the spectrum that appears using Topspin's "E" menu bar button and integrate selected peaks in it as per standard ¹H spectrum processing. You may need to click the integration button in Topspin's menu bar to start the integration protocol.
- 21) Click the "Save Region As" icon button (= 3rd from the right in the upper menu bar: the one with the floppy disk icon + A below it) and then its Export Regions to Relaxation Module and .ret. tab.

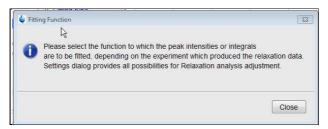


22) Click the **Relaxation Window** button and select **Intensity** or **Area** in the plot window that appears. **Area** is usually the better choice.

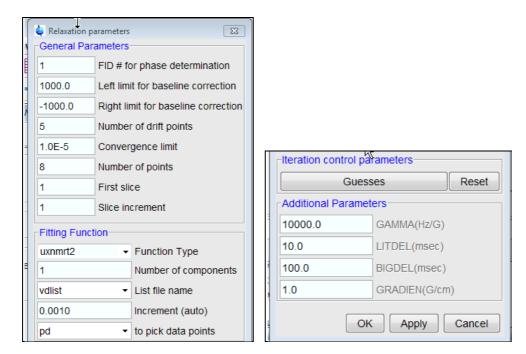


The plot's upper title line correctly has T_2 , but the T_1 equation incorrectly appears below it. This is a long standing Topspin bug.

23) Click the **Fitting Function** button and note the comments about **intensity** or **are**a options in the screen display that appears and close it.



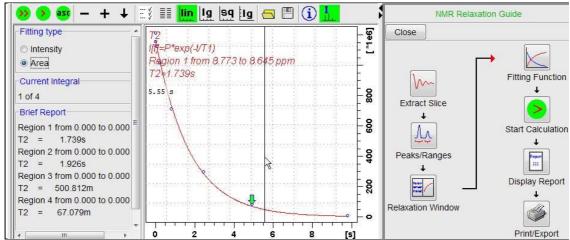
24) When the Fitting Function message screen is closed a panel with relaxation parameters (split into two screen captures below) will appear.



25) Check Function Type = uxnmrt2 (<u>important!</u>) and List file name = vdlist. Other cells/values can be left as they are (= default settings). Click Apply and OK and close the window.

 $[\]rightarrow$ next page.....

26) Click the **double red arrow** in the menu bar at the top left of the plot window and **NOT** the single red Start Calculation arrow button in the NMR Relaxation Guide menu below the Fitting Function button.



The appearance of the T_1 equation in this screen is a long standing Topspin error

- 27) The + and buttons in the upper menu bar can be used move through the series of T₂ plots.
- **28**) Fitting type (**Intensity** or **Area**) can be changed in the plot display. If this is done clicking the **double red arrow** will recalculate the T₂ results and update their plots.
- **29**) The NMR Relaxation Guide has buttons which can be used to display and/or print T₂ results. A sample report for one signal is shown below. Zero value points (= completely T₂ relaxed) will be eliminated.

```
2
    C:\Bruker\TopSpin3.0\data\AVII-600 Set up\nmr/AVII-600 T1+T2 (04)/4/pdat
3
    AREA fit :
4
    I[t] = P*exp(-t/T2)
5
6
   8 points for Integral 1, Integral Region from 0.000 to 0.000 ppm
7
    Results
               Comp. 1
8
9
              9.604e-001
10
   T2
                 1.739s
              1.701e-002
11
    SD
12
13
        tau
               ppm
                       integral
                                   intensity
14
15
       3.265m
                   8.678 1.2121e+009 8.4462e+007
16
       13.059m
                   8.678 1.1564e+009
                                         8.39e+007
17
       52.237m
                   8.678 1.1264e+009
                                       8.1068e+007
18
     208.947m
                   8.678 1.0159e+009 7.3884e+007
19
                                       5.182e+007
     816.200m
                   8.678 7.1253e+008
20
                  8.678 2.9497e+008 2.1651e+007
       2.449s
21
       4.897s
                  8.678 8.5271e+007 6.1691e+006
22
        9.794s
                         7.6621e+006 5.3511e+005
```

Appendix

VD values derived from VC values when $P2 = (180 \ degree \ pulse \ time) = 16.2 \ usec$ and $D20 = 400 \ usec = 0.0004 \ sec.$

$$VD = [P2 + (2*D20)]*VC$$

	А	В	С	D	Е	F
1						
2	p2	16.2	usec	180 degree pulse time		
3		Ů				
4	d20	0.0004	sec			
5		0.400	msec	50 x p2		
6		400	usec	810	usec	
7				d20 should be 40-60% 50 x p2		
8						
9	p2+(2*d20)	816.2000000	usec			
10		0.8162000	msec			
11		0.0008162	sec			
12						
13	VC	VD usec	VD msec	VD sec		
14	4	3265	3.26	0.0033		
15	16	13059	13.06	0.0131		
16	64	52237	52.24	0.052		
17	256	208947	208.95	0.209		
18	1000	816200	816.20	0.816		
19	3000	2448600	2448.6	2.45		
20	6000	4897200	4897.2	4.90		
21	12000	9794400	9794.4	9.79		