



KJM 9250

Proton T_2 Spectra on the AVIII800HD Spectrometer

Version 5.0

Topspin 3.5 Windows 7 AVIII HD 800



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Proton T₂ Spectra on the AVIII800HD

1.0 Introduction

An **awprotont2** parameter set and linked **VCLIST** file from which a **VDLIST** file *must* be generated prior to processing a T₂ data set have been set up on the AVIII800HD spectrometer running under TS3.5 respectively.

The parameter set have **D1 = 10 sec** and 8 x **VCLIST** values. The T₂ data set is acquired using the *smallest VCLIST value first. Prior to processing T₂ data sets variable constant (VC) values must be converted to time domain variable delay (VD) values using the **vctovd** command (see instructions 15 and 16.)*

D1 and the longest **VD** time derived from the largest **VC** value should be 3-5 times the longest T₂ in the sample compound. T₂ is always shorter than T₁.

$$VD_{\max} = [P2 + (2 * D20)] * VC_{\max}$$

T₂ data sets can be processed on the spectrometer terminal or off line using any version of Topspin provided the linked **VCLIST** file is either resident in the experiment's top level folder (= default setting: see below) or recreated or copied into the off line terminal's *C:\Bruker\TopspinX.X\exp\stan\nmr\lists\vc* folder.

If required the VCLIST file that is present in the experiment's top level folder can be opened with **WordPad** and the **VC** values in it can be viewed and used to recreate the original named **VCLIST** file from which the **VDLIST** file can be created using the **vctovd** command.

uxnmr.info	2/01/2017 10:50 p...	INFO File	4 KB
uxnmr.par	2/01/2017 10:50 p...	PAR File	24 KB
vclist	8/02/2018 10:30 p...	File	1 KB

NB: The experimental copy of the variable constant file is named as **vclist** irrespective of the name of the source vclist file.

2.0 Experiment Set Up

- 1) Create an experiment and use the **rpar** command to read in the following parameter set: **awprotont2 + getprosol**,
pulse programme = **cpmgpg**.
- 2) Review default settings. These settings can be adjusted if required.
TD(F2) = 64K or 32K, TD(F1) = 8
SW = 14 ppm, O1P = 6.3 ppm.
D1 = 10 sec
D20 = 400 usec = 0.000400 sec
NS = a multiple of 2, 4 or 8, DS = 0, 2 or 4.
- 3) Type **ased** (enter) and review other parameters used in the job including the linked **VCLIST** file = **AWPROTONNT2-8**.
- 4) The **VCLIST** file should have the entries shown below. Do not alter the values in this file. An alternatively named **VCLIST** file should be created if different **VC** and **D1** values are required for a particular compound. The **VD** values calculated from the **AWPROTONNT2-8** file's **VC** values using the **vctovd** command (see steps 15 and 16) when **P2 = 16 usec** (180 degree pulse) and **D20 = 400 usec = 0.0004 sec** are shown below.

Line	VC Value
1	4
2	16
3	64
4	256
5	1000
6	3000
7	6000
8	12000

AWPROTONNT2-8 VC file values

Line	VD Value (sec)
1	0.0032648
2	0.0130592
3	0.0522368
4	0.2089472
5	0.8162000
6	2.4486001
7	4.8972001
8	9.7944002

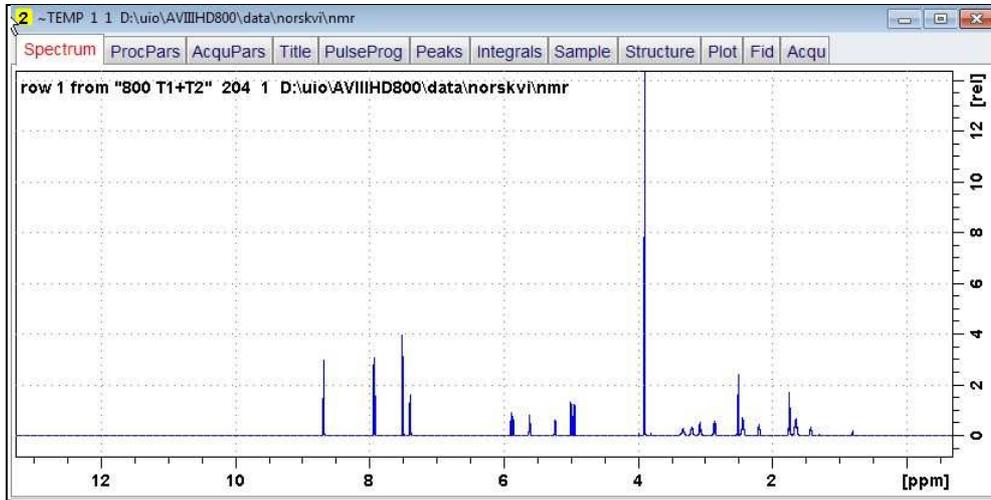
Calculated VD times (sec)

- 5) Set receiver gain using **RGA**(*important!*).
- 6) Type **edp** (enter) and check that **SI(F2) = 32 or 64K, SI(F1) = 8, WDW(F2) = EM, LB (F2) = 0.3-0.5 Hz** or other value of your choice.

SI	65536	8	Size of real spectrum
SF [MHz]	800.0300000	800.0272727	Spectrometer frequency
OFFSET [ppm]	13.27518	9.70900	Low field limit of spectrum
SR [Hz]	0	0	Spectrum reference frequency
HZpPT [Hz]	0.170299	1.251948	Spectral resolution
SPECTYP	UNDEFINED		Type of spectrum e.g. COSY, H...
Window function			
WDW	EM	SINE	Window functions for trf, xfb,...
LB [Hz]	0.30	0.30	Line broadening for em

- 7) Start the acquisition using the **ZG** command.

- 8) When the experiment has run type **rser 1** (enter) to read in the first serial file which will appear in a TEMP screen display window.
- 9) Type **EFP** (return) to transform it and phase it as per a normal carbon spectrum.



- 10) Type **edp** (enter) and note the phase constants for this spectrum.

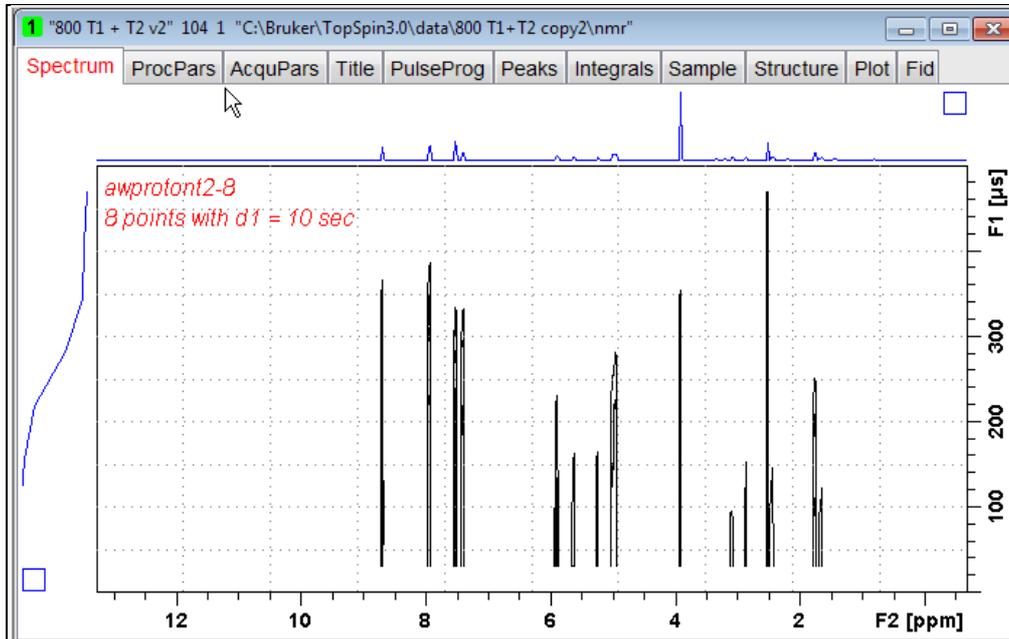
Phase correction	
PHC0 [degrees]	30.204
PHC1 [degrees]	-102.711
PH_mod	pk

- 11) Close the **TEMP** window and reload the T₂ data set file.
- 12) Type **edp** (enter) and enter the phase constants noted in step 10 above into the **F2 PHC0** and **PHC1** cells and check **PH_MOD = pk**. **F1** cell info is not used.

Phase correction			
PHC0 [degrees]	30.204	0	0th order correction for pk
PHC1 [degrees]	-102.711	0	1st order correction for pk
PH_mod	pk	mc	Phasing modes for trf, xfb, ...

- 13) Type **xf2** (return) to transform the 2D data set followed by **abs2** (return) to baseline smooth it.

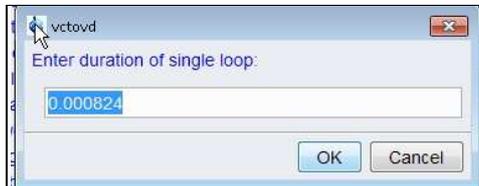
- 14) Provided phase constants have been correctly set up the transformed data set plot should resemble that shown below. Black = a positively phased signal. Signals will drop off to zero intensity as VD increases.



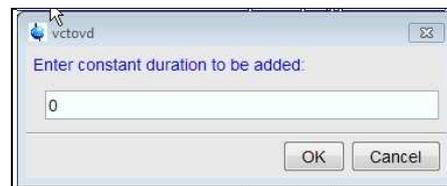
3.0 T₁ Data Set Processing

15) Prior to processing a T₂ data set it is essential that variable constant (VC) values are converted to time domain variable delay (VD) values.

16) Type **vctovd** (enter) and click OK on the display panels that appear.

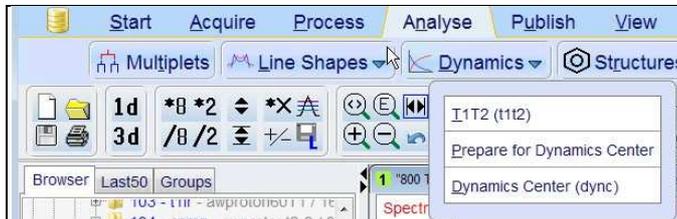


Single VC loop value = $p2 + 2 \times d20$



Not used. .

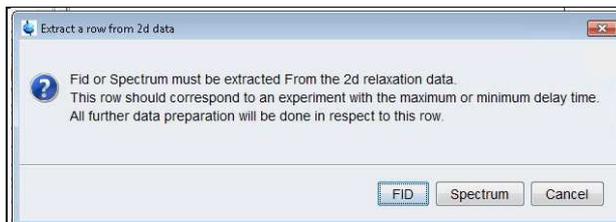
17) Click Topspin's **Analyse** menu tab then its **Dynamics** sub-menu tab and click its **T1T2** tab.



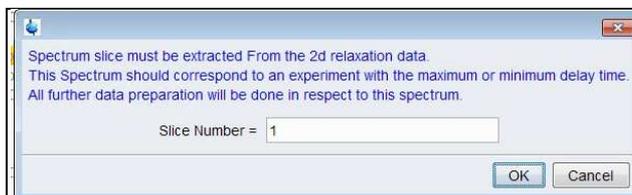
18) This will open the T1/T2 processing menu bar shown below.



Click the **FID** tab and click the **Spectrum** button in the screen panel that opens.

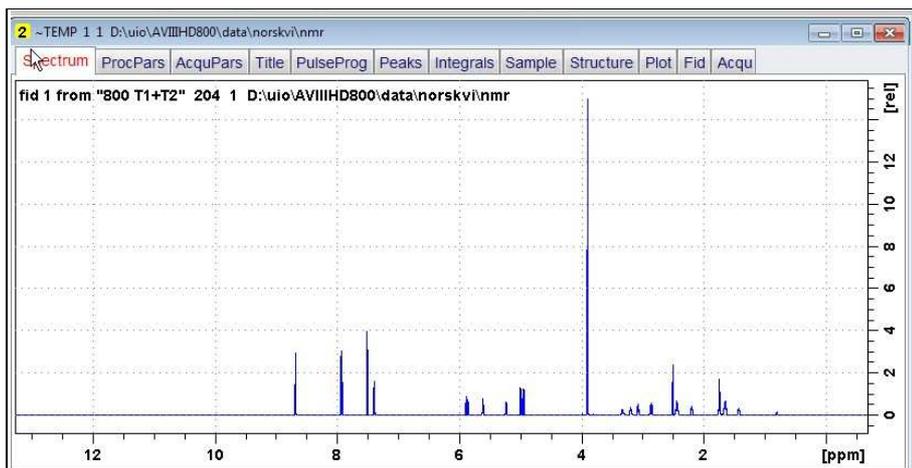


19) The screen panel shown below will appear.

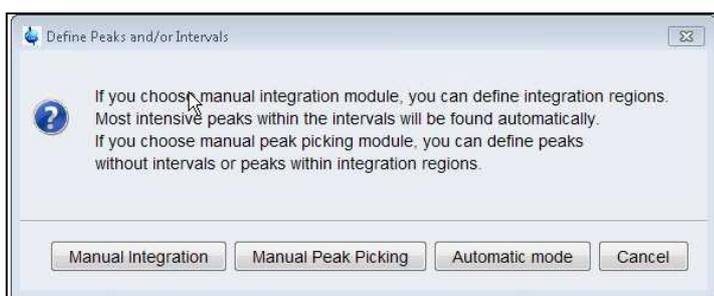
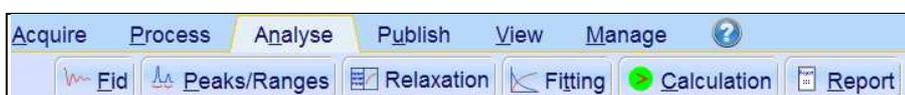


Enter **1** in the **Slice Number** cell and click the **OK** button. This will display the transformed spectrum ex the first (longest) **VDLIST** value = the one that was phased via the **rser 1** routine in steps 8 and 9.

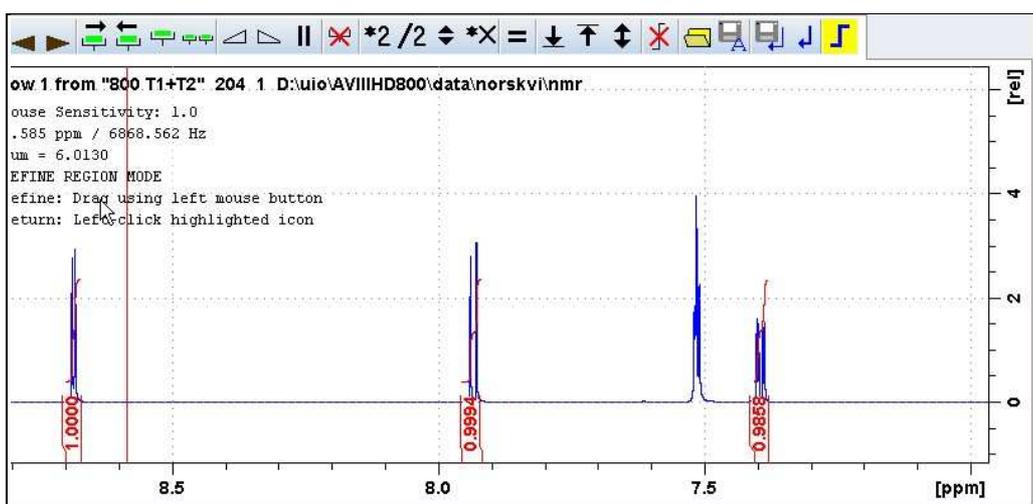
(...next page)



20) Expand the spectrum that appears in the usual way and click the **Peaks/Ranges** menu bar tab.



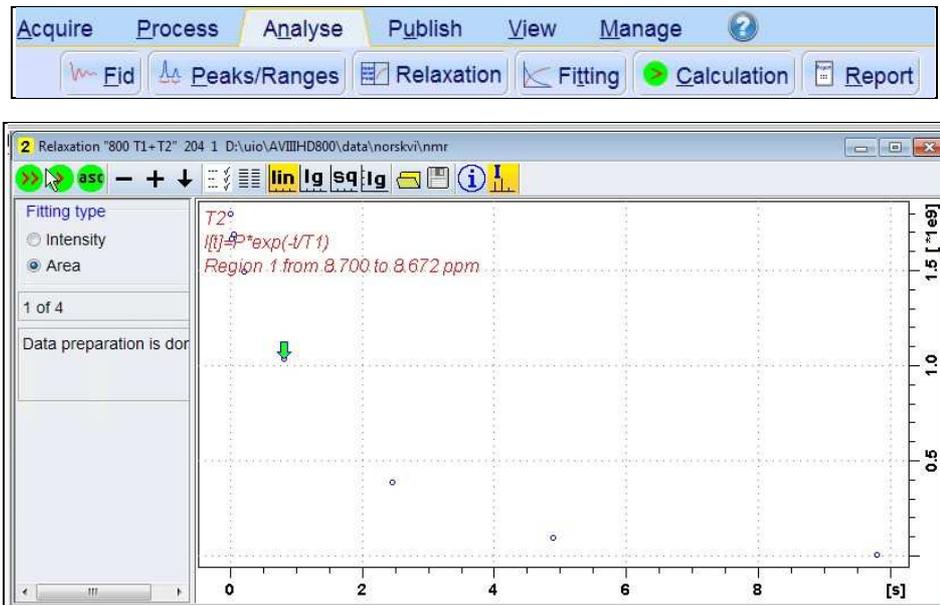
Select the **Manual integration** tab, close any screen messages that appear, and integrate selected peaks in the usual way .



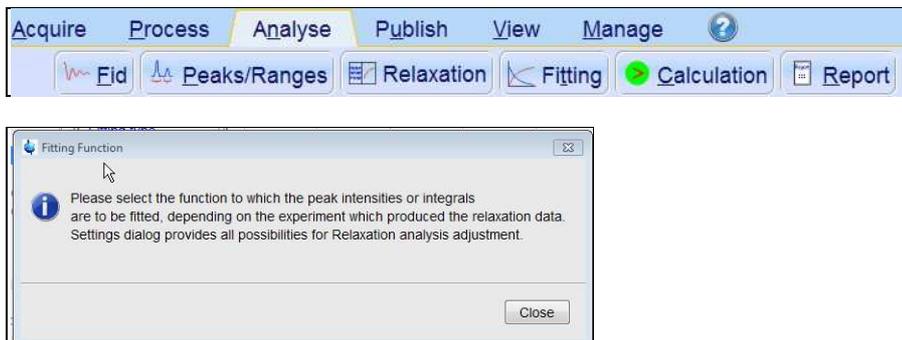
- 21) Click the "Save Region As" icon men bar button (= *the floppy disk icon with A below it*) and then its **Export Regions to Relaxation Module and .ret.** tab.



- 22) Click the **Relaxation** menu tab button, note any screen messages that may appear and close them. Select **Intensity** or **Area** in the plot window that appears. **Area** is invariably the better choice.



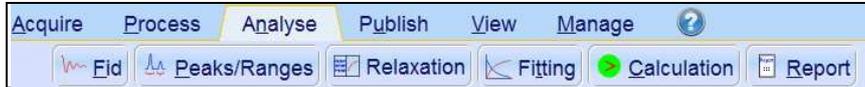
- 23) Click the **Fitting** menu bar tab and note the comments about **intensity** or **area** options in the screen display that appears and close it



- 24) When the **Fitting** function message screen is closed a panel with **Relaxation parameters** (split into two screen captures below) will appear.

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- 28) Fitting type (**Intensity** or **Area**) can be changed in the plot display. If this is done clicking the **double red arrow** will recalculate the T₁ results and update their plots.
- 29) The **Report** tab in the .menu bar can be used to view fitting report. A sample report for one signal is shown below.



```

Fitting report
File Edit Search
1 dataset :
2 D:/uio/AVIIIHD800/data/norskvi/nmr/800 T1+T2/204/pdata/1
3 AREA fit :
4 I[t]= P*exp(-t/T2)
5
6 8 points for Integral 1, Integral Region from 0.000 to 0.000 ppm
7 Results      Comp. 1
8
9 P      = 9.613e-001
10 T2     = 1.607s
11 SD     = 1.858e-002
12
13      tau      ppm      integral      intensity
14
15      3.264m    8.681  1.7976e+009  1.0212e+008
16      13.056m   8.681  1.6649e+009  9.8701e+007
17      52.224m   8.681  1.6924e+009  1.0112e+008
18      208.896m  8.681  1.4943e+009  8.9044e+007
19      816.000m  8.681  1.033e+009   5.9991e+007
20      2.448s    8.681  3.8428e+008  2.2185e+007
21      4.896s    8.681  9.3812e+007  5.2976e+006
22      9.792s    8.681  6.7385e+006  4.1698e+005

```